## Section 1

# **Engine**

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## **Precautions**

## **Precautions**

## **Precautions for Engine**

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Refer to "General Precautions in Section 00 (Page 00-1)" and "Precautions for Electrical Circuit Service in Section 00 (Page 00-2)".

## **Engine General Information and Diagnosis**

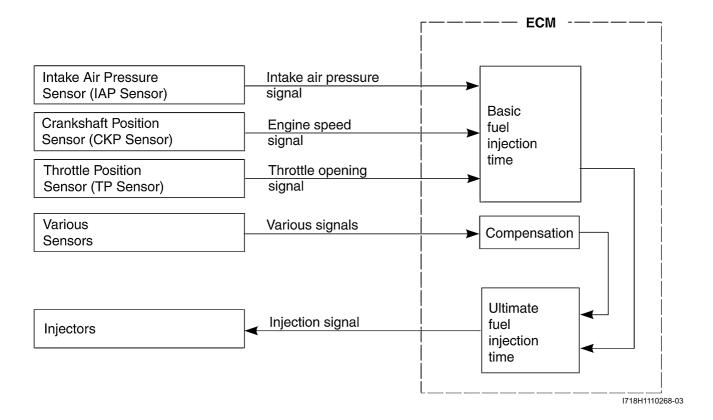
## **General Description**

#### **Injection Timing Description**

#### **Injection Time (Injection Volume)**

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The factors to determine the injection time include the basic fuel injection time, which is calculated on the basis of the intake air pressure, engine speed and throttle opening angle, and various compensations. These compensations are determined according to the signals from various sensors that detect the engine and driving conditions.



#### **Compensation of Injection Time (Volume)**

The following different signals are output from the respective sensors for compensation of the fuel injection time (volume).

Signal	Descriptions	
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR	When engine coolant temperature is low, injection time (volume)	
SIGNAL	is increased.	
INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR SIGNAL	When intake air temperature is low, injection time (volume) is	
INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR SIGNAL	increased.	
	Air/fuel ratio is compensated to the theoretical ratio from density	
HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL	of oxygen in exhaust gasses. The compensation occurs in such a	
TIEATED OXTOEN GENOOR GIGNAE	way that more fuel is supplied if detected air/fuel ratio is lean and	
	less fuel is supplied if it is rich.	
	ECM operates on the battery voltage and at the same time, it	
BATTERY VOLTAGE SIGNAL	monitors the voltage signal for compensation of the fuel injection	
BATTERT VOLTAGE GIGIVAL	time (volume). A longer injection time is needed to adjust injection	
	volume in the case of low voltage.	
ENGINE RPM SIGNAL	At high speed, the injection time (volume) is increased.	
STARTING SIGNAL	When starting engine, additional fuel is injected during cranking	
STARTING SIGNAL	engine.	
ACCELERATION SIGNAL/ DECELERATION	During acceleration, the fuel injection time (volume) is increased,	
SIGNAL	in accordance with the throttle opening speed and engine rpm.	
OTOTAL	During deceleration, the fuel injection time (volume) is decreased.	

#### **Injection Stop Control**

Signal	Descriptions
	When the motorcycle tips over, the tip-over sensor sends a signal
TIP-OVER SENSOR SIGNAL (FUEL SHUT-OFF)	to the ECM. Then, this signal cuts OFF current supplied to the fuel
	pump, fuel injectors and ignition coils.
OVER-REV. LIMITER SIGNAL	The fuel injector stops operation when engine rpm reaches rev.
OVER-REV. LIIVIITER SIGNAL	limit rpm.

#### **Self-Diagnosis Function**

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The self-diagnosis function is incorporated in the ECM. The function has two modes, "User mode" and "Dealer mode". The user can only be notified by the LCD (DISPLAY) panel and LED (FI indicator light). To check the function of the individual FI system devices, the dealer mode is provided. In this check, the special tool is necessary to read the code of the malfunction items.

#### **User Mode**

	Malfunction	LCD (display) indication "A"	FI indicator light indication "B"	Indication mode
	"NO"	Odometer *1	_	_
"YES"	Engine can start	Odometer (*1) and "FI" letters *2	FI indicator light turns ON.	Each 2 sec. Odometer (*1) and "FI" is indicated alternately.
	Engine can not start	*FI" letters	FI indicator light turns ON and blinks.	"FI" is indicated continuously.

\*1

Current letter displayed any one of the odometer or tripmeter.

\*2

When one of the signals is not received by ECM, the fail-safe circuit works and injection is not stopped. In this case, "FI" and odometer (\*1) are indicated in the LCD panel and motorcycle can run.

\*3

The injection signal is stopped, when the crankshaft position sensor signal, tip-over sensor signal, ignition signal, #1, #2, #3 and #4 injector signals, fuel pump relay signal or ignition switch signal is not sent to ECM. In this case, "FI" is indicated in the LCD panel. Motorcycle does not run.

#### "CHEC":

The LCD panel indicates "CHEC" when no communication signal from the ECM is received for 5 seconds and more.

#### 1A-3 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

#### For Example:

The ignition switch is turned ON, and the engine stop switch is turned OFF. In this case, the speedometer does not receive any signal from the ECM, and the panel indicates "CHEC".

If CHEC is indicated, the LCD does not indicate the trouble code. It is necessary to check the wiring harness between ECM and speedometer couplers.

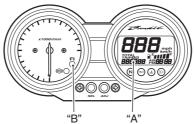
The possible cause of this indication is as follows:

Engine stop switch is in OFF position. Side-Stand/ignition inter-lock system is not working. Ignition fuse is burnt.

#### **NOTE**

Until starting the engine, the FI light turns ON.

The FI indicator light is also turned ON when engine temperature is high or oil pressure is low.



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#### **Dealer Mode**

The defective function is memorized in the computer. Use the special tool's coupler to connect to the mode select switch. The memorized malfunction code is displayed on LCD (DISPLAY) panel. Malfunction means that the ECM does not receive signal from the devices. These affected devices are indicated in the code form.

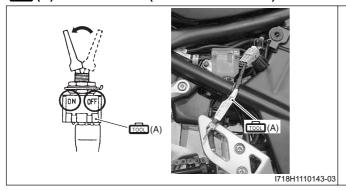
#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Before checking the malfunction code, do not disconnect the ECM coupler.

If the coupler from the ECM is disconnected, the malfunction code memory is erased and the malfunction code can not be checked.

#### Special tool

(A): 09930-82720 (Mode select switch)



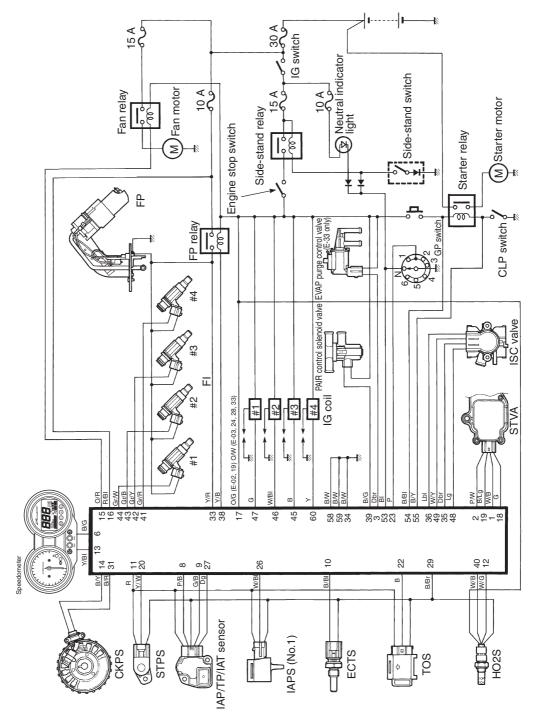


Malfunction	LCD (display) indication	FI light indication	Indication mode
"NO"	C00		_
YES	C** code is indicated from small numeral to large one.	FI indicator light turns OFF.	For each 2 sec., code is indicated.

## **Schematic and Routing Diagram**

## FI System Wiring Diagram

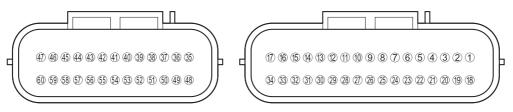
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## **Terminal Alignment of ECM Coupler**

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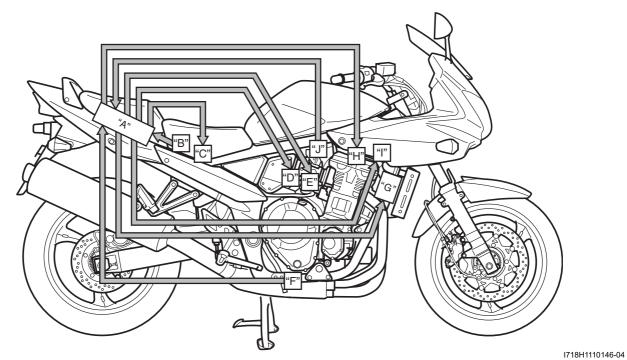
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TERMINAL NO.	CIRCUIT	TERMINAL NO.	CIRCUIT
1	STVA signal (STVA, 2A)	31	CKP sensor signal (CKP-)
2	STVA signal (STVA, 1A)	32	Serial data for self-diagnosis
3	EVAP page control valve [E-33 only]	33	Power source for fuel injector (VM)
4	_	34	ECM ground (E1)
5	_	35	ISC signal (ISC, 2A)
6	Serial data for speedometer	36	ISC signal (ISC, 1A)
7		37	_
8	TP sensor signal (TP)	38	Fuel pump relay (FP Relay)
9	IAP sensor signal No.2 (IAP, 2)	39	PAIR control solenoid valve (PAIR)
10	ECT sensor signal (ECT)	40	HO2 sensor heater (HO2, H)
11	Power source for sensors (Vcc)	41	Fuel injector #4 (#4, 1)
12	HO2 sensor signal (HO2S)	42	Fuel injector #3 (#3, 1)
13	Tachometer	43	Fuel injector #2 (#2, 1)
14	CKP sensor signal (CKP+)	44	Fuel injector #1 (#1, 1)
15	Cooling fan relay (FAR)	45	Ignition coil #3
16	Power source for back-up	46	Ignition coil #2
17	Power source	47	Ignition coil #1
18	STVA signal (STVA, 2B)	48	ISC signal (ISC, 2B)
19	STVA signal (STVA, 1B)	49	ISC signal (ISC, 1B)
20	STP sensor (STP)	50	_
21	Ignition switch signal	51	_
22	TO sensor signal (TOS)	52	_
23	GP sensor signal (GP)	53	Neutral switch
24		54	Starter relay
25		55	Clutch position switch
26	IAP sensor signal No.1 (IAP, 1)	56	_
27	IAT sensor signal (IAT)	57	_
28		58	Ground
29	Sensors ground (E2)	59	Ground for ignition system
30	Mode select switch	60	Ignition coil #4

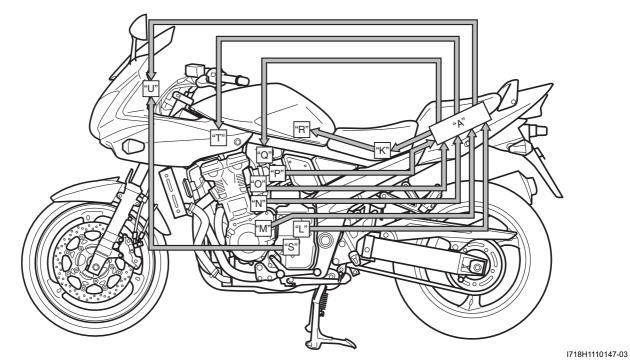
## **Component Location**

## FI System Parts Location

B718H11103001



"A": ECM	"C": Cooling fan relay	"E": ISC valve	"G": Cooling fan	"I": PAIR control solenoid valve
"B": TO sensor	"D": STV actuator	"F": HO2 sensor	"H": Ignition coil	"J": IAP sensor (No.1)



"A": ECM	"M": CKP sensor	"P": STP sensor	"S": Speed sensor
"K": Fuel pump relay	"N": ECT sensor	"Q": Fuel injector	"T": EVAP purge control valve (E-33 only)
"L": GP switch	"O": IAP/TP/IAT sensor	"R": Fuel pump	"U": Speedometer

## **Diagnostic Information and Procedures**

## **Engine Symptom Diagnosis**

B718H11104001

Condition	Possible cause	Correction / Reference Item
Engine will not start or is	Valve clearance out of adjustment.	Adjust.
hard to start	Worn valve guides or poor seating of	Repair or replace.
(Compression too low)	valves.	
,	Mistimed valves.	Adjust.
	Excessively worn piston rings.	Replace.
	Worn-down cylinder bores.	Replace.
	Starter motor cranks too slowly.	Refer to "Starting System Diagram in Section
		1I (Page 1I-1)".
	Poor seating of spark plugs.	Retighten.
	Blown cylinder head gasket.	Replace.
Engine will not start or is	Fouled spark plugs.	Clean.
hard to start (Plugs not	Wet spark plugs.	Clean and dry.
sparking)	Defective ignition coil/plug cap.	Replace.
[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Open-circuited wiring connections.	Repair or replace.
Engine will not start or is	Clogged fuel filter or fuel hose.	Clean or replace.
hard to start (No fuel	Defective fuel pump.	Replace.
reaching the intake	Defective fuel pressure regulator.	Replace.
manifold)	Defective fuel injectors.	Replace.
	Defective fuel pump relay.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Open-circuited wiring connections.	Check and repair.
Engine will not start or is	Defective fuel pump.	Replace.
hard to start (Incorrect	Defective fuel pressure regulator.	Replace.
fuel/air mixture)	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
,	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective IAP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Defective ECT sensor.	Replace.
	Defective IAT sensors.	Replace.
	Dirty throttle body.	Clean.
	Defective ISC valve.	Replace.
Engine idles poorly	Valve clearance out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Poor seating of valves.	Replace or repair.
	Defective valve guides.	Replace.
	Worn down camshafts.	Replace.
	Too wide spark plug gaps.	Adjust or replace.
	Defective ignition coil/plug caps.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective fuel pump.	Replace.
	Imbalanced throttle valve.	Adjust.
	Dirty throttle body.	Clean.
	Damaged or cranked vacuum hose.	Replace.
	Sucking air from intake pipe joint.	Repair or replace.
	Damaged or clogged ISC valve.	Repair or replace.
	ISC bad leaning.	Reset learned value.

Condition	Possible cause	Correction / Reference Item
Engine stalls often	Defective IAP sensor or circuit.	Repair or replace.
(Incorrect fuel/air mixture)		Clean or replace.
(	Defective fuel pump.	Replace.
	Defective fuel pressure regulator.	Replace.
	Damaged or cracked vacuum hose.	Replace.
	Defective ECT sensor.	Replace.
	Defective thermostat.	Replace.
	Defective IAT sensors.	Replace.
	Defective ISC valve.	Replace.
Engine stalls often (Fuel	Defective fuel injectors.	Replace.
injector improperly	No injection signal from ECM.	Repair or replace.
operating)	Open or short circuited wiring	Repair or replace.
operaung)	connection.	Tropan or replace.
	Defective battery or low battery voltage.	Replace or recharge.
Engine stalls often	Defective ECM.	Replace.
(Control circuit or sensor	Defective fuel pressure regulator.	Replace.
improperly operating)	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
Spending	Defective IAT sensors.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective CRT sensor.	Replace.
	Defective LCT sensor.  Defective fuel pump relay.	Replace.
	Defective ISC valve.	Replace.
	ISC bad learning.	Reset learned value.
Engine stalls often	Fouled spark plugs.	Clean.
(Engine parts improperly	Defective CKP sensor or ECM.	Replace.
operating)	Clogged fuel hose.	Clean.
operating)	Out of adjustment tappet clearance.	Adjust.
	Dirty throttle body.	Clean.
Engine noisy (Excessive	Too large tappet clearance.	Adjust.
valve chatter)	Weakened or broken valve springs.	Replace.
vaive chatter)	Worn tappet or cam surface.	Replace.
	Worn and burnt camshaft journal.	Replace.
Engine noisy (Noise	Worn down pistons or cylinders.	Replace.
seems to come from	Combustion chambers fouled with	Clean.
piston)	carbon.	Glean.
pistorij	Worn piston pins or piston pin bores.	Replace.
	Worn piston rings or ring grooves.	Replace.
Engine noisy (Noise	Stretched chain.	Replace.
seems to come from	Worn sprockets.	Replace.
timing chain)	Tension adjuster not working.	Repair or replace.
Engine noisy (Noise	Rattling bearings due to wear.	Replace.
seems to come from	Worn and burnt big-end bearings.	Replace.
crankshaft)	Worn and burnt journal bearings.	Replace.
	Worm bearings.	Replace thrust bearing.
Engine noisy (Noise	Rattling bearings due to wear.	Replace.
seems to come from	Tracting boarings due to wear.	Topidoo.
balancer)		
Engine noisy (Noise	Worn splines of countershaft or hub.	Replace.
seems to come from	Worn teeth of clutch plates.	Replace.
clutch)	Distorted clutch plate, driven and drive.	Replace.
	Worn clutch release bearing.	Replace.
	Weakened clutch dampers.	Replace the primary driven gear.
Engine noisy (Noise	Worn or rubbing gears.	Replace.
seems to come from	Worn splines.	Replace.
transmission)	Worn or rubbing primary gears.	Replace.
	Worn bearings.	Replace.

## 1A-9 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Condition	Possible cause	Correction / Reference Item
Engine noisy (Noise	Worn or damaged impeller shaft.	Replace.
seems to come from	Worn or damaged mechanical seal.	Replace.
water pump)	Contact between pump case and	Replace.
,	impeller.	,
	Too much play on pump shaft bearing.	Replace.
Engine runs poorly in	Weakened valve springs.	Replace.
high speed range	Worn camshafts.	Replace.
	Valve timing out of adjustment.	Adjust.
electrical parts)	Too narrow spark plug gap.	Adjust.
,	Ignition not advanced sufficiently due to	Replace ECM.
	poorly working timing advance circuit.	,
	Defective ignition coil/plug gap.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Clogged air cleaner element.	Clean.
	Clogged fuel hose, resulting in	Clean and prime.
	inadequate fuel supply to injector.	Gicari and prime.
	Defective fuel pump.	Replace.
	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective STP sensor or STVA.	Replace.
Engino rupo nocele in		
Engine runs poorly in	Clogged air cleaner element.  Defective throttle valves.	Clean or replace.
high speed range		Adjust or replace.
(Defective air flow	Defective ISC valve.	Replace.
system)	Sucking air from throttle body joint.	Repair or replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Imbalancing throttle valve	Adjust.
	synchronization.	
	Defective STP sensor or STVA.	Replace.
Engine runs poorly in	Low fuel pressure.	Repair or replace.
high speed range	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
(Defective control circuit	Defective IAT sensors.	Replace.
or sensor)	Defective IAP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	TP sensor out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Defective STP sensor or STVA.	Replace.
	Defective GP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
Engine lacks power	Loss of tappet clearance.	Adjust.
(Defective engine internal/	Weakened valve springs.	Replace.
electrical parts)	Valve timing out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Worn piston rings or cylinders.	Replace.
	Poor seating of valves.	Repair.
	Fouled spark plugs.	Clean or replace.
	Incorrect spark plugs.	Adjust or replace.
	Clogged fuel injectors.	Replace.
	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
	Clogged air cleaner element.	Clean.
	Sucking air from throttle valve or	Retighten or replace.
	vacuum hose.	J
	Too much engine oil.	Drain out excess oil.
	Defective fuel pump or ECM.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor and ignition coil/	Replace.
	plug caps.	Topiaco.
	Imbalancing throttle valve	Adjust.
		nujust.
	synchronization.	Pontogo
	Defective STP sensor or STVA.	Replace.

r		
Condition	Possible cause	Correction / Reference Item
Engine lacks power	Low fuel pressure.	Repair or replace.
(Defective control circuit	Defective TP sensor.	Replace.
or sensor)	Defective IAT sensor.	Replace.
	Defective CKP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective GP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective IAP sensor.	Replace.
	Defective ECM.	Replace.
	Defective STP sensor or STVA.	Replace.
Engine overheats	Heavy carbon deposit on piston crown.	Clean.
(Defective engine internal	Not enough oil in the engine.	Add oil.
parts)	Defective oil pump or clogged oil circuit.	Replace or clean.
	Use of incorrect engine oil.	Change.
	Sucking air from intake pipe.	Retighten or replace.
	Defective cooling system.	Refer to "Cooling Circuit Diagram in Section 1F
		(Page 1F-2)".
Engine overheats (Lean	Short-circuited IAP sensor/lead wire.	Repair or replace.
fuel/air mixture)	Short-circuited IAT sensor/lead wire.	Repair or replace.
	Sucking air from intake pipe joint.	Repair or replace.
	Defective fuel injector.	Replace.
	Defective ECT sensor.	Replace.
Engine overheats (The	Ignition timing too advanced due to	Replace.
other factors)	defective timing advance system (ECT	
	sensor, CKP sensor, GP sensor and	
	ECM.)	
	Drive chain is too tight.	Adjust.
	ISC bad learning.	Reset learned value.
Dirty or heavy exhaust	Worn piston rings or cylinders.	Replace.
smoke	Too much engine oil in the engine.	Check and drain excess oil.
	Worn valve guides.	Replace.
	Scored or scuffed cylinder walls.	Replace.
	Worn valves stems.	Replace.
	Defective stem seals.	Replace.
	Worn oil ring side rails.	Replace.

### **Self-Diagnostic Procedures**

**Use of Mode Select Switch** 

B718H11104005

#### **NOTE**

- Do not disconnect coupler from ECM, the battery cable from the battery, ECM ground wire harness from the engine or main fuse before confirming DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) stored in memory. Such disconnection will erase memorized information in ECM memory.
- DTC stored in ECM memory can be checked by the special tool.
- Before checking DTC, read self-diagnosis function "User mode and dealer mode" (Refer to "Self-Diagnosis Function (Page 1A-2)".) carefully to have good understanding as to what functions are available and how to use it.
- Be sure to read "Precautions for Electrical Circuit Service" (Refer to "Precautions for Electrical Circuit Service in Section 00 (Page 00-2)".) before inspection and observe what is written there.
- 1) Remove the right frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".
- 2) Connect the special tool to the mode select switch at the wiring harness.

#### Special tool

(A): 09930-82720 (Mode select switch)



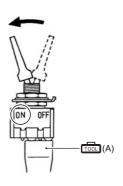
I718H1110145-0

- Start the engine or crank the engine for more than 4 seconds.
- 4) Turn the special tool's switch ON.

5) Check the DTC to determine the malfunction part. Refer to "DTC Table (Page 1A-18)".

#### Special tool

(A): 09930-82720 (Mode select switch)



I718H1110006-04



I718H1110144-01

6) After repairing the trouble, turn OFF the ignition switch and turn ON again. If DTC is indicated (C00), the malfunction is cleared.

#### **NOTE**

- Even though DTC (C00) is indicated, the previous malfunction history DTC still remains stored in the ECM. Therefore, erase the history DTC memorized in the ECM using SDS.
- DTC is memorized in the ECM also when the wire coupler of any sensor is disconnected. Therefore, when a wire coupler has been disconnected at the time of diagnosis, erase the stored history DTC using SDS. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- 7) Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the special tool from the mode select switch.
- 8) Reinstall the right frame cover.

#### **Use of SDS**

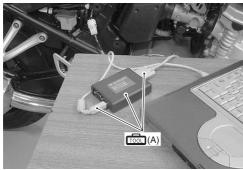
#### **NOTE**

- Do not disconnect the coupler from ECM, the battery cable from the battery, ECM ground wire harness from the engine or main fuse before confirming DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) stored in memory. Such disconnection will erase the memorized information in ECM memory.
- · DTC stored in ECM memory can be checked by the SDS.
- Be sure to read "Precautions for Electrical Circuit Service in Section 00 (Page 00-2)" before inspection and observe what is written there.
- 1) Remove the right frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".
- 2) Set up the SDS tools. (Refer to the SDS operation manual for further details.)

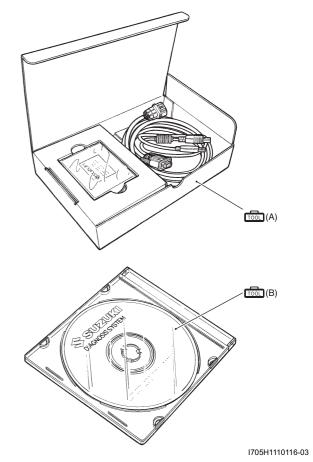
#### Special tool

(A): 09904-41010 (SDS Set)

(B): 99565-01010-010 (CD-ROM Ver.10)



I718H1110148-02



3) Click the DTC inspection button (1).



#### 1A-13 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

- 4) Start the engine or crank the engine for more than 4 seconds.
- 5) Check the DTC to determine the malfunction part. Refer to "DTC Table (Page 1A-18)".

#### NOTE

- Read the DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) and show data when trouble (displaying data at the time of DTC) according to instructions displayed on SDS.
- · Not only SDS is used for detecting Diagnostic Trouble Codes but also for reproducing and checking on screen the failure condition as described by customers using the trigger. (Refer to "Show Data When Trouble (Displaying Data at the Time of DTC) (Page 1A-14)".)
- · How to use trigger. (Refer to the SDS operation manual for further details.)
- 6) After repairing the trouble, clear to delete history code (Past DTC). Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- 7) Close the SDS tool and turn the ignition switch OFF.
- 8) Disconnect the SDS tool and install the right frame cover.

## **Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures**

B718H11104007

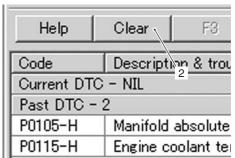
#### NOTE

The malfunction code is memorized in the ECM also when the wire coupler of any sensor is disconnected. Therefore, when a wire coupler has been disconnected at the time of diagnosis, erase the stored malfunction history code using SDS.

- 1) After repairing the trouble, turn OFF the ignition switch and turn ON again.
- 2) Click the DTC inspection button (1).

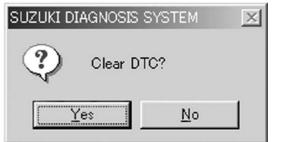


- 3) Check the DTC.
- 4) The previous malfunction history code (Past DTC) still remains stored in the ECM. Therefore, erase the history code memorized in the ECM using SDS tool.
- 5) Click "Clear" (2) to delete history code (Past DTC).



I705H1110005-01

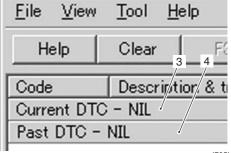
6) Follow the displayed instructions.



I705H1110006-01



7) Check that both "Current DTC" (3) and "Past DTC" (4) are deleted (NIL).



- 8) Close the SDS tool and turn the ignition switch OFF.
- 9) Disconnect the SDS tool and install the right frame cover.

### Show Data When Trouble (Displaying Data at the Time of DTC)

#### **Use of SDS**

B718H11104008

ECM stores the engine and driving conditions (in the form of data as shown in the figure) at the moment of the detection of a malfunction in its memory. This data is called "Show data when trouble".

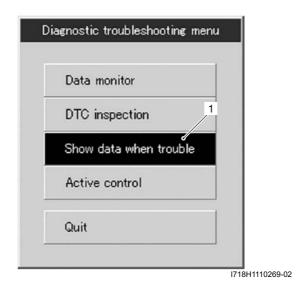
Therefore, it is possible to know engine and driving conditions (e.g., whether the engine was warm or not, where the motorcycle was running or stopped) when a malfunction was detected by checking the show data when trouble. This show data when trouble function can record the maximum of two Diagnostic Trouble Codes in the ECM.

Also, ECM has a function to store each show data when trouble for two different malfunctions in the order of occurrence as the malfunction is detected. Utilizing this function, it is possible to know the order of malfunctions that have been detected. Its use is helpful when rechecking or diagnosing a trouble.

Failure #1					
P0105-H Manifold absolute pressure circuit malfunction 1					
Item	Pre-detect	Detect poi	Post-dete		
Engine speed	0	0	0		
Throttle position	28.9	28.9	28.9		
Manifold absolute pressure 1	135.2	144.3	145.6		
Engine coolant / oil temperature	24.0	24.0	24.0		
Gear position	N	N	N		
Secondary throttle actuator position sensor	96.1	96.1	98.4		

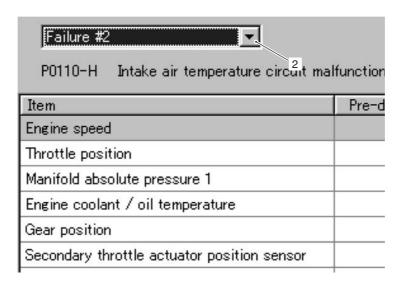
1705H1110010-01

1) Click "Show data when trouble" (1) to display the data.



#### 1A-15 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

2) Click the drop down button (2), either "Failure #1" or "Failure #2" can be selected.



I718H1110270-01

#### **SDS Check**

B718H11104009

Using SDS, sample the data at the time of new and periodic vehicle inspections.

After saving the sampled data in the computer, file them by model and by user.

The periodically filed data help improve the accuracy of troubleshooting since they can indicate the condition of vehicle functions that has changed with time.

For example, when a vehicle is brought in for service but the troubleshooting of a failure is not easy, comparing the current data value to past filed data value at time of normal condition can allow the specific engine failure to be determined.

Also, in the case of a customer vehicle which is not periodically brought in for service with no past data value having been saved, if the data value of a good vehicle condition have been already saved as a master (STD), comparison between the same models helps to facilitate the troubleshooting.

- 1) Remove the right frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".
- 2) Set up the SDS tool. (Refer to the SDS operation manual for further details.)

#### Special tool

: 09904-41010 (SDS set)

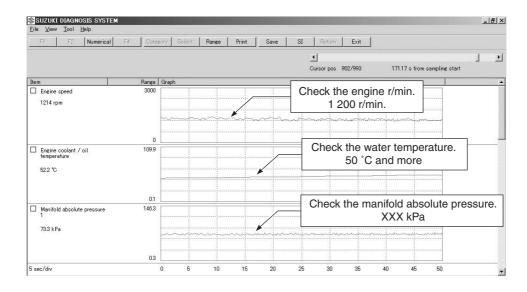
: 99565-01010-010 (CD-ROM Ver.10)

#### **NOTE**

- Before taking the sample of data, check and clear the Past DTC.
- A number of different data under a fixed condition as shown should be saved or filed as sample.

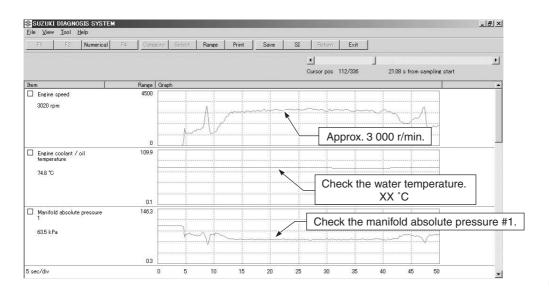
#### Sample

#### Data sampled from cold starting through warm-up



I718H1110149-01

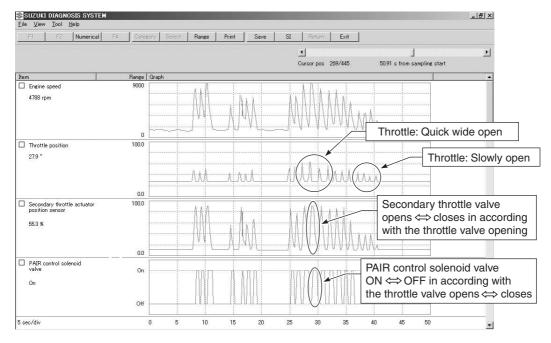
#### Data at 3 000 r/min under no load



I718H1110150-01

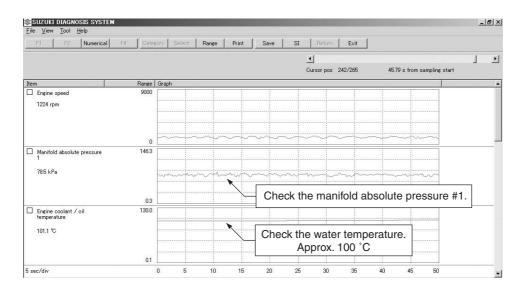
#### 1A-17 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

#### Data at the time of racing



I718H1110151-01

#### Data of intake negative pressure during idling (100 °C)



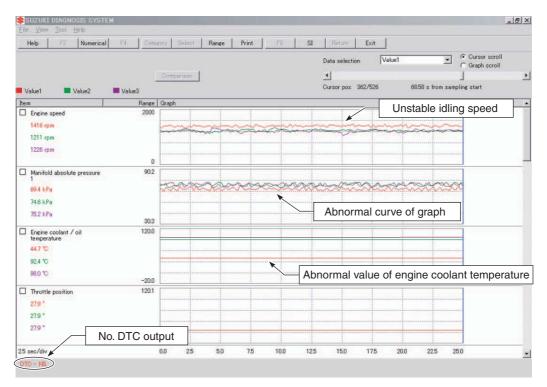
I718H1110152-01

#### **Example of Trouble**

Three data; value 1 (current data 1), value 2 (past data 2) and value 3 (past data 3); can be made in comparison by showing them in the graph. Read the change of value by comparing the current data to the past data that have been saved under the same condition, then you may determine how changes have occurred with the passing of time and identify what problem is currently occurring.

#### **NOTE**

With DTC not output, if the value of engine coolant temperature is found to be lower than the data saved previously, the possible cause may probably lie in a sensor circuit opened, ground circuit opened or influence of internal resistance value changes, etc.



I718H1110153-03

#### **DTC Table**

B718H11104002

Code	Malfunction Part	Remarks	
C00	None	No defective part	
C12 (P0335)	Crankshaft position sensor (CKPS)	Pick-up coil signal, signal generator	
	Orankshart position sensor (Ora O)	Fick-up coil signal, signal generator	
C13 (P0105-H/L)	Intake air pressure sensor No.1 (IAPS)		
☞(Page 1A-28)	Intake all pressure sensor No.1 (IAI 3)		
C14 (P0120-H/L)	Throttle position sensor (TPS)		
☞(Page 1A-37)	Throttle position sensor (11 0)		
C15 (P0115-H/L)	Engine coolant temperature sensor (ECTS)		
☞(Page 1A-45)	Engine coolant temperature sensor (EC13)		
C17 (P1750/-H/L)	Intake air pressure sensor No.2 (IAPS)		
☞(Page 1A-52)	Intake all pressure sensor No.2 (IAI 3)		
C21(P0110-H/L)	Intake air temperature sensor (IATS)		
☞(Page 1A-60)			
C23 (P1651-H/L)	Tip-over sensor (TOS)		
☞(Page 1A-67)	Tip-over serisor (103)		
C24 (P0351)	Ignition signal #1 (IG coil #1)	For #1 cylinder	
C25 (P0352)	Ignition signal #2 (IG coil #2)	For #2 cylinder	
☞(Page 1A-73)		1 of #2 cylinder	

## 1A-19 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Code	Malfunction Part	Remarks
C26 (P0353) (Page 1A-73)	Ignition signal #3 (IG coil #3)	For #3 cylinder
C27 (P0354) (Page 1A-73)	Ignition signal #4 (IG coil #4)	For #4 cylinder
C28 (P1655) (Page 1A-73)	Secondary throttle valve actuator (STVA)	*1
C29 (P1654-H/L)  (Page 1A-77)	Secondary throttle position sensor (STPS)	
C31 (P0705) (Page 1A-85)	Gear position signal (GP switch)	
C32 (P0201) (Page 1A-87)	Injector signal #1 (FI #1)	For #1 cylinder
C33 (P0202) (Page 1A-87)	Injector signal #2 (FI #2)	For #2 cylinder
C34 (P0203) (Page 1A-87)	Injector signal #3 (FI #3)	For #3 cylinder
C35 (P0204) (Page 1A-87)	Injector signal #4 (FI #4)	For #4 cylinder
C40 (P0505/P0506/ 0507) F(Page 1A-91)	Idle speed control valve (ISC valve)	
C41 (P0230-H/L, P2505) F(Page 1A-97) / F(Page 1A-100)	Fuel pump control system (FP control system), ECM/PCM power input signal	Fuel pump, Fuel pump relay
C42 (P1650) (Page 1A-102)	Ignition switch signal (IG switch signal)	Anti-theft
C44 (P0130, P0135) F(Page 1A-102)	Heated oxygen sensor (HO2S)	
C49 (P1656) (Page 1A-108)	PAIR control solenoid valve	
C60 (P0480) (Page 1A-111)	Cooling fan control system	Cooling fan relay
P62 (P0443)	EVAP system purge control valve (E-33 only)	

In the LCD (DISPLAY) panel, the malfunction code is indicated from small code to large code.

\*1

When the secondary throttle valve actuator and secondary throttle position sensor signals are not sent to ECM. In this case, C28 and C29 are indicated alternately.

#### **Fail-Safe Function Table**

B718H11104003

FI system is provided with fail-safe function to allow the engine to start and the motorcycle to run in a minimum performance necessary even under malfunction condition.

Item	Fail-Safe Mode	Starting Ability	Running Ability
IAP sensor (No.1)	Intake air pressure is fixed to 101 kPa (760 mmHg).	"YES"	"YES"
IAP sensor (No.2)	Intake air pressure is fixed to 101 kPa (760 mmHg).	"YES"	"YES"
TP sensor	The throttle opening is fixed to full open position. Ignition timing is also fixed.	"YES"	"YES"
ECT sensor	Engine coolant temperature value is fixed to 80 °C (176 °F).	"YES"	"YES"
IAT sensor	Intake air temperature value is fixed to 40 °C (104 °F).	"YES"	"YES"
	#1 ignition – off and #1 Fuel-cut	"YES" #2. #3 & #4 cv	"YES" rlinder can run.
Ignition signal	#2 ignition – off and #2 Fuel-cut	"YES" #1, #3 & #4 cy	"YES" rlinder can run.
ignition signal	#3 ignition – off and #3 Fuel-cut		"YES" rlinder can run.
	#4 ignition – off and #4 Fuel-cut		"YES" rlinder can run.
	#1 Fuel – cut	"YES" #2, #3 & #4 cy	"YES" rlinder can run.
	#2 Fuel – cut	"YES"	"YES" rlinder can run.
Injection signal	#3 Fuel – cut	"YES"	"YES" rlinder can run.
	#4 Fuel – cut	"YES" "YES" "YES" #1, #2 & #3 cylinder can run	
Secondary throttle valve actuator	When motor disconnection or lock occurs, power from ECM is shut off.	"YES"	"YES"
STP sensor	Secondary throttle valve is fixed to full close position.	"YES"	"YES"
Gear position signal	Gear position signal is fixed to 6th gear.	"YES"	"YES"
HO2 sensor	Feedback compensation is inhibited. (Air/fuel ratio is fixed to normal.)	"YES"	"YES"
PAIR control solenoid valve	ECM stops controlling PAIR control solenoid valve.	"YES"	"YES"
ISC valve	When motor disconnection or lock occurs, power from ECM is shut off.	"YES"	"YES"
EVAP purge control valve (E-33 only)	ECM stops controlling EVAP purge control valve.	"YES"	"YES"

The engine can start and can run even if the signal in the table is not received from each sensor. But, the engine running condition is not complete, providing only emergency help (by fail-safe circuit). In this case, it is necessary to bring the motorcycle to the workshop for complete repair.

When two ignition signals or two injector signals are not received by ECM, the fail-safe circuit can not work and ignition or injection is stopped.

## **FI System Troubleshooting**

Customer Complaint Analysis

Record details of the problem (fail)

B718H11104004

ose, er

•	. ,	ow it occurred as described by the	
•	i form such as following will fac	cilitate collecting information to the	point required for prop
analysis and diagnosis.			
NOTE			
		I be modified according to cond	itions and
characteristic of eac	en market.		
EXAMPLE: CUSTOMER	PROBLEM INSPECTION FO	RM	
User name:	Model:	VIN:	
Date of issue:	Date Reg.:	Date of problem: Milea	ige:
Malfunction indicator			
	☐ Always ON / ☐ Somet	imes ON / □ Always OFF / □ Go	od condition
light condition (LED)  Malfunction display/co	do Hoor moder 🗆 No dienler	. / □ Molfunction dioplay /	
		y / ☐ Malfunction display (	)
(LCD)	Dealer mode: ☐ No code	/ Li Mairunction code ( )	
	DDOD! FM	OVMETOMO	
Difficult Ctanting	PROBLEM	SYMPTOMS	
☐ Difficult Starting		☐ Poor Driveability	
☐ No cranking ☐ No initial combustion	_	☐ Hesitation on acceleration☐ Back fire / ☐ After fire	
	1		
□ No combustion		☐ Lack of power	
☐ Poor starting at	T always)	☐ Surging	
(□ cold / □ warm / [	⊐ aiways)	☐ Abnormal knocking	
□ Other		☐ Engine rpm jumps briefly	
		□ Other	
		T Francisco Chall subara	
☐ Poor Idling		☐ Engine Stall when	
☐ Poor fast Idle	- d	☐ Immediately after start	
☐ Abnormal idling spec		☐ Throttle valve is opened☐ Throttle valve is closed☐	
(□ High / □ Low) ( □ Unstable	r/min)		
	ha	☐ Load is applied	
☐ Hunting ( r/min t	to r/min)	□ Other	
□ Other			
☐ OTHERS:			
MOTOR	CVCI E/ENIVIDONIMENTAL CA	ONDITION WHEN PROBLEM OC	CHDS
MOTOR		ntal condition	CURS
Weather			
		☐ Snow / ☐ Always / ☐ Other	
	☐ Hot / ☐ Warm / ☐ Cool / ☐		
	☐ Always / ☐ Sometimes ( ti ☐ Under certain condition	mes / day, month) / 🗖 Only once	)
		way / 🗆 Mauntainaua / 🗆 Usbill	/ C Downhill\
	⊔ Orban / ⊔ Suburb / ⊔ Higi □ Tarmacadam / □ Gravel /	nway / ☐ Mountainous (☐ Uphill	
Engine condition		e condition	1 Other at starting
		se / □ Warmed up / □ Always / □ Racing without load / □ Engine	
		Racing without load / Li Engine	

☐ Right hand corner / ☐ Left hand corner

☐ Other:

☐ At stop / ☐ Motorcycle speed when problem occurs (

km/h,

mile/h)

#### **Visual Inspection**

Prior to diagnosis using the mode select switch or SDS, perform the following visual inspections. The reason for visual inspection is that mechanical failures (such as oil leakage) cannot be displayed on the screen with the use of mode select switch or SDS.

- Engine oil level and leakage. Refer to "Engine Oil and Filter Replacement in Section 0B (Page 0B-10)".
- Engine coolant level and leakage. Refer to "Cooling Circuit Inspection in Section 1F (Page 1F-4)".
- Fuel level and leakage. Refer to "Fuel Line Inspection in Section 0B (Page 0B-10)".
- Clogged air cleaner element. Refer to "Air Cleaner Element Inspection and Cleaning in Section 0B (Page 0B-3)".
- · Battery condition.
- Throttle cable play. Refer to "Throttle Cable Play Inspection and Adjustment in Section 0B (Page 0B-12)".
- · Vacuum hose looseness, bend and disconnection.
- · Broken fuse.
- FI light operation. Refer to "Combination Meter Inspection in Section 9C (Page 9C-5)".
- Each warning light operation. Refer to "Combination Meter Inspection in Section 9C (Page 9C-5)".
- Speedometer operation. Refer to "Speedometer Inspection in Section 9C (Page 9C-8)".
- Exhaust gas leakage and noise. Refer to "Exhaust System Inspection in Section 1K (Page 1K-6)".
- Each coupler disconnection.
- Clogged radiator fins. Refer to "Radiator Inspection and Cleaning in Section 1F (Page 1F-5)".

#### **Malfunction Code and Defective Condition Table**

B718H11104010

Malfunct Code		Detected Item	Detected Failure Condition	Check For
C00		NO FAULT	_	_
C12 P0335	j	CKP sensor	The signal does not reach ECM for 3 sec. or more, after receiving the starter signal.	CKP sensor wiring and mechanical parts CKP sensor, lead wire/coupler connection
C13			The sensor should produce following voltage. $0.5 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.85 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C13 (P0105) is indicated.	IAP sensor (No.1), lead wire/ coupler connection
P0105	Н	IAP sensor (No.1)	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.1) circuit open or shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open
P0103	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.1) circuit shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open
C14			The sensor should produce following voltage. $0.2 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.8 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C14 (P0120) is indicated.	TP sensor, lead wire/coupler connection
	Н	TP sensor	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	TP sensor circuit shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open
P0120	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	TP sensor circuit open or shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open
C15		ECT sensor	The sensor voltage should be the following. $0.15 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.85 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C15 (P0115) is indicated.	
P0115	Н	1 3611301	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	ECT sensor circuit open or ground circuit open
	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	ECT sensor circuit shorted to the ground

## **1A-23** Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Malfuncti Code	ion	Detected Item	Detected Failure Condition	Check For
C17			The sensor should produce following voltage. $0.5 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.85 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C17 (P1750) is indicated.	
P1750		IAP sensor (No.2)	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.2) circuit open or shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open
1 1730	L	IAI 3611301 (140.2)	Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.2) circuit shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open
C17/P17	50		If the pressure variation (voltage variation) does not exist even under the engine operating condition, this malfunction code is output.	Make sure to check that IAP sensor (No.2) is securely installed on the throttle body.
C21		IAT sensor	The sensor voltage should be the following. $0.15 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.85 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C21 (P0110) is indicated.	IAT sensor, lead wire/coupler connection
P0110	Н	IAT SCHSUI	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	IAT sensor circuit open or ground circuit open
	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	IAT sensor circuit shorted to the ground
C23		TO sensor	The sensor voltage should be the following for 2 sec. and more, after ignition switch is turned ON. 0.2 V $\leq$ sensor voltage < 4.8 V In other than the above value, C23 (P1651) is indicated.	TO sensor, lead wire/coupler connection
	Н		Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	TO sensor circuit shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open
P1651	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	TO sensor circuit open or shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open
C24/C2 C26/C2 P0351/P0	7 352		CKP sensor (pick-up coil) signal is produced, but signal from ignition coil is interrupted 8 times or more continuously. In this case, the code C24 (P0351), C25 (P0352), C26 (P0353)	Ignition coil, wiring/coupler connection, power supply from the battery
P0353/P03	354		or C27 (P0354) is indicated. When no actuator control signal is supplied	,
P1655		Secondary throttle valve actuator	from the ECM, communication signal does not reach ECM or operation voltage does not reach STVA motor, C28 (P1655) is indicated. STVA can not operate.	STVA motor, STVA lead wire/ coupler
C29			The sensor should produce following voltage. $0.15 \text{ V} \le \text{sensor voltage} < 4.85 \text{ V}$ In other than the above range, C29 (P1654) is indicated.	STP sensor, lead wire/coupler connection
	Н	STP sensor	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	STP sensor circuit shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open
P1654	L		Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	STP sensor circuit open or shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open
C31 P0705		Gear position signal	Gear position signal voltage should be higher than the following for 3 seconds and more. Gear position sensor voltage > 0.6 V If lower than the above value, C31 (P0705) is indicated.	GP switch, wiring/coupler connection, gearshift cam, etc.

Malfunct		Detected Item	Detected Failure Condition	Check For
Code C32/C3 C34/C3	3		CKP sensor (pickup coil) signal is produced, but fuel injector signal is interrupted 4 times or	
P0201/P0202 P0203/P0204		Fuel injector	more continuously. In this case, the code C32 (P0201), C33 (P0202), C34 (P0203) or C35 (P0204) is indicated.	coupler connection, power supply to the injector.
C40 /P05	505		The circuit voltage of motor drive is unusual.	ISC valve circuit open or shorted to the ground
C40 /P0506		ISC valve	Idle speed is lower than the desired idle speed.	Air passage clogged ISC valve fixed ISC valve preset position is incorrect
C40 /P05	507		Idle speed is higher than the desired idle speed.	ISC valve hose connection ISC valve is fixed ISC valve preset position is incorrect
C41			No voltage is applied to the fuel pump, although fuel pump relay is turned ON, or voltage is applied to fuel pump although fuel pump relay is turned OFF.	Fuel pump relay, lead wire/ coupler connection, power source to fuel pump relay and fuel injectors
P0230	н	Fuel pump relay	Voltage is applied to fuel pump although fuel pump relay is turned OFF.	Fuel pump relay switch circuit shorted to power source Fuel pump relay (switch side)
. 3233	L		No voltage is applied to the fuel pump, although fuel pump relay is turned ON.	Fuel pump relay circuit open or short Fuel pump relay (coil side)
C41/P25	05	ECM/PCM power input signal	No voltage is applied to the ECM, although FP relay is turned ON.	Lead wire/coupler connection of ECM terminal to fuel fuse, Fuel fuse, Power source of speedometer shorted to ground
C42 P1650	)	Ignition switch	Ignition switch signal is not input to the ECM.	Ignition switch, lead wire/coupler, etc.
C44/P01	30	HO2 sensor (HO2S)	HO2 sensor output voltage is not input to ECM during engine operation and running condition. (Sensor voltage > 1.0 V) In other than the above value, C44 (P0130) is indicated.	
C44/P0135			The Heater can not operate so that heater operation voltage is not supply to the oxygen heater circuit, C44 (P0135) is indicated.	HO2 sensor circuit open or shorted to the ground Battery voltage supply to the HO2 sensor
C49		PAIR control solenoid	PAIR control solenoid valve ampere is not	PAIR control solenoid valve,
P1656 C60		valve	input to ECM.	lead wire/coupler Cooling fan relay, lead wire/
P0480	)	Cooling fan relay	Cooling fan relay signal is not input to ECM.	coupler connection
C62 P0443	}	EVAP purge control valve (E-33 only)	EVAP purge control valve voltage is not input to ECM	EVAP purge control valve, lead wire/coupler

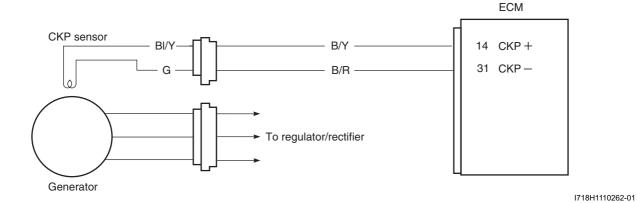
### DTC "C12" (P0335): CKP Sensor Circuit Malfunction

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

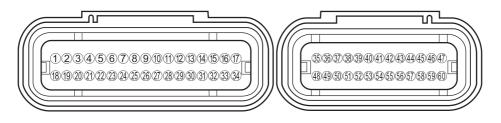
B718H11104011

Detected Condition	Possible Cause	
The signal does not reach ECM for 3 sec. or more, after	<ul> <li>Metal particles or foreign material being stuck on the</li> </ul>	
receiving the starter signal.	CKP sensor and rotor tip.	
	CKP sensor circuit open or short.	
	CKP sensor malfunction.	
	ECM malfunction.	

### **Wiring Diagram**



#### **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

### **Troubleshooting**

#### **NOTE**

After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

C4-		A -4!	V	
Step 1	1)	Action Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Yes Go to Step 2.	No Replace the CKP
	,	Check the CKP sensor coupler for loose or poor	00 to 0top 2.	sensor with a new one.
	۷)	contacts.		
		If OK, then measure the CKP sensor resistance.		
	3)	I718H1110154-02  Disconnect the CKP sensor coupler and measure the		
	Ο,	resistance.		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		
		$\frac{\text{CKP sensor resistance}}{90-150~\Omega~\text{(BI /Y- G)}}$		
	4)	If OK, then check the continuity between each terminal and ground.  CKP sensor continuity		
		$\infty$ $\Omega$ (Infinity) (BI/Y – Ground, G – Ground)		
	Are	the resistance and continuity OK?		
<u> </u>	, .		l.	

## 1A-27 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step Action	Yes	No
Step		No Inspect that metal particles or foreign material stuck on the CKP sensor and rotor tip. If there are no metal particles and foreign material, then replace the CKP sensor with a new one. Refer to "CKP Sensor Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".
Is the voltage OK?		

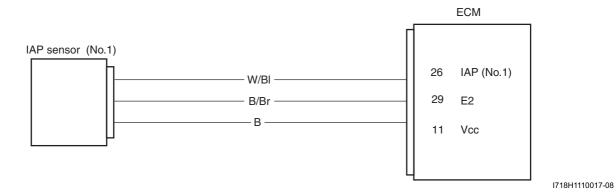
### DTC "C13" (P0105-H/L): IAP Sensor (No.1) Circuit Malfunction

B718H11104012

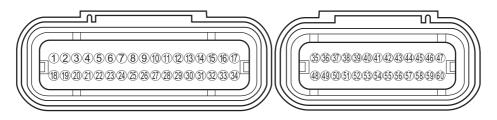
#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause	
C13		IAP sensor (No.1) voltage is not within the following range.  0.5 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.85 V  NOTE  Note that atmospheric pressure varies depending on weather conditions as well as altitude.  Take that into consideration when inspecting voltage.	<ul> <li>Clogged vacuum passage between throttle body and IAP sensor (No.1).</li> <li>Air being drawn from vacuum passage between throttle body and IAP sensor (No.1).</li> <li>IAP sensor (No.1) circuit open or shorted to the ground.</li> <li>IAP sensor (No.1) malfunction.</li> <li>ECM malfunction.</li> </ul>	
P0105	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.1) circuit is open or shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open.	
1 0103	L	Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	<ul> <li>IAP sensor (No.1) circuit is shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open.</li> </ul>	

### Wiring Diagram



#### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

#### **Troubleshooting**

### $\triangle$ CAUTION

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### NOTE

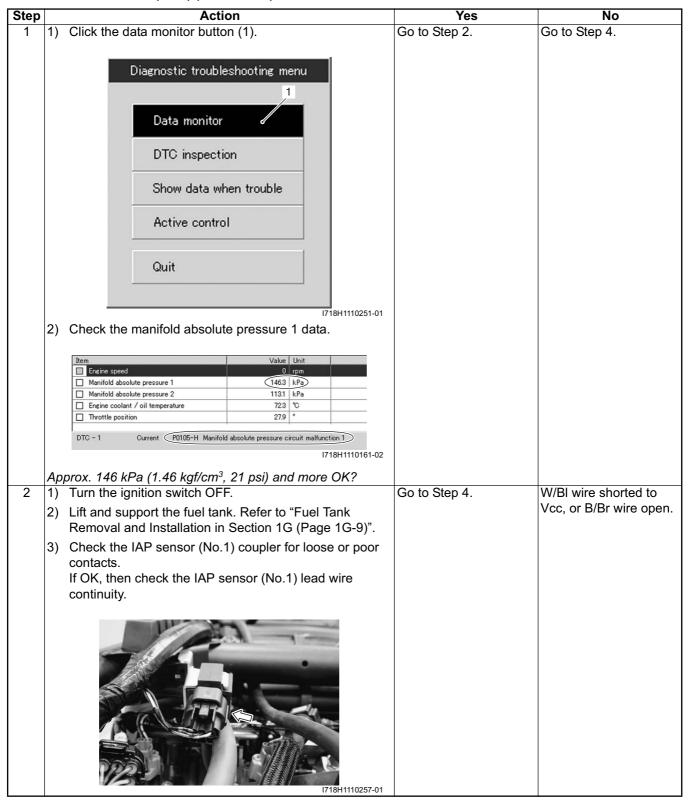
After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

## 1A-29 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

## C13 for IAP sensor No.1 (Use of mode select switch)

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 4.	Loose or poor
	2)	Lift and support the fuel tank. Refer to "Fuel Tank Removal and Installation in Section 1G (Page 1G-9)".		contacts on the ECM coupler.
	3)	Check the IAP sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then measure the IAP sensor (No.1) input voltage.		<ul> <li>Open or short circuit in the B wire or B/Br wire.</li> </ul>
		I718H1110257-01		
	4)	Disconnect the IAP sensor (No.1) coupler.		
	5)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
	6)	Measure the voltage at the B wire and ground. If OK, then measure the voltage at the B wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
		IAP sensor (No.1) input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		I718H1110258-01		
	ls t	he voltage OK?		

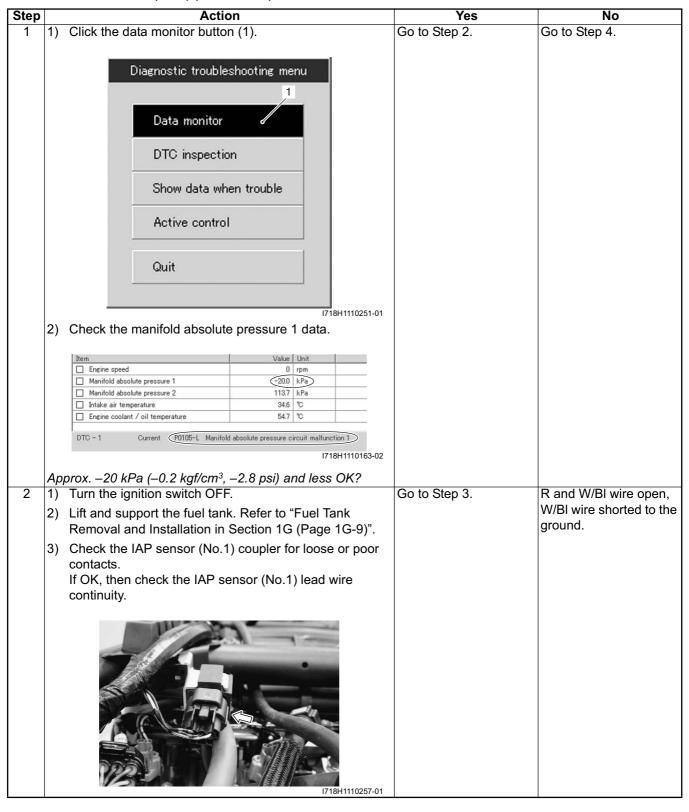
#### P0105-H for IAP sensor (No.1) (Use of SDS)



## 1A-31 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step	Action		No
2 4	1) Disconnect the IAP sensor (No.1) coupler.	Yes Go to Step 4.	W/Bl wire shorted to
	5) Check the continuity between the B wire and W. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circ condition is OK.	/BI wire.	Vcc, or B/Br wire open.
	Special tool তিত্ৰ (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester se	et)	
	Tester knob indication Continuity ( •))))		
6	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Re	11110259-01 1 <b>moval</b>	
	and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	<ol><li>Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire</li></ol>	•	
3	B) Check the continuity between the W/BI wire "C" terminal "26". If OK, then check the continuity between the B/I "B" and terminal "29".		
	Special tool ক্রি (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester so ক্রি (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed prob		
	Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •))))		
	"C" "B"	A)	
	"26" <u>"29"</u> "1718H	11110024-03	
I	s the continuity OK?		

#### P0105-L for IAP sensor (No.1) (Use of SDS)



# 1A-33 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
2	4)	Disconnect the IAP sensor (No.1) coupler.	Go to Step 3.	B and W/Bl wire open,
	5)	Check the continuity between the W/BI wire and ground. Also, check the continuity between the W/BI wire and B/Br wire. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		W/BI wire shorted to the ground.
		Special tool ত্তি৷ (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •))))		
		I718H1110260-02		
	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	7)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
	8)	Check the continuity between the B wire "A" and terminal "11". Also, check the continuity between the W/BI wire "C" and terminal "26".		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •)))		
		"C" "A" (A)		
		"26" I718H1110241-01		
	Is t	he continuity OK?		

Step		Action	Yes	No
3	1)	Connect the ECM coupler.	Go to Step 4.	Open or short circuit in
	2)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		the B wire or B/Br wire.
	3)	Measure the input voltage at the B wire and ground with the needle pointed probes.  If OK, the measure the input voltage at the B wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool ক্রি (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		<u>Tester knob indication</u> Voltage ( )		
		IAP sensor input voltage (No.1) 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: Ground,(+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		I718H1110258-01		
	ls t	he voltage OK?		

# 1A-35 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
4	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 5.	Check the vacuum
	2)	Connect the ECM coupler and IAP sensor (No.1) coupler.		hose for crack or damage.
	3)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		Open or short circuit in the W/BI wire.
	4)	Start the engine at idle speed and measure the IAP sensor (No.1) output voltage at the wire side coupler between the W/BI wire and B/Br wire.		If vacuum hose and wire is OK, replace the IAP sensor (No.1)
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		with a new one. Refer to "IAP Sensor (No.1) Removal and
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-2)".
		IAP sensor (No.1) output voltage Approx. 2.7 V at idle speed ((+) terminal: W/BI – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		I718H1110261-01		
	Is t	he voltage OK?		

Step		Action		Yes	No	
5	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	•	B, W/BI or B/Br wire	If check result is not	
	2)	Remove the IAP sensor (No.1). Refer to "IAP Sensor (No.1) Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-2)".		open or shorted to the ground, or poor "11", "26" or "29"	satisfactory, replace the IAP sensor (No.1) with a new one. Refer to "IAP	
	,	Connect the vacuum pump gauge to the vacuum port of the IAP sensor (No.1).		connection.  If wire and	Sensor (No.1) Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-	
	4)	Arrange 3 new 1.5 V batteries in series (1) (check that total voltage is 4.5 – 5.0 V) and connect (–) terminal to the ground terminal "B" and (+) terminal to the Vcc		connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.	2)".	
		terminal "A".	•	Recheck each		
	5)	Check the voltage between Vout terminal "C" and ground. Also, check if voltage reduces when vacuum is applied by using vacuum pump gauge.		terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.		
		Special tool  (A): 09917–47011 (Vacuum pump gauge)  (B): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)	•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
		"A" V I718H1110030-02		To (rago to 1).		
		ALTITUDE (Reference)  ATOMOSPHERIC OUTPUT PRESSURE VOLTAGE				
		ALTITUDE (Reference)				
		0 - 2 000				
		2 001 - 5 000 611 - 1 524 707 - 634 94 - 85 3.0 - 3.7				
		5 001 - 8 000   1 525 - 2 438   634 - 567   85 - 76   2.6 - 3.4				
		8 001 - 10 000   2 439 - 3 048   567 - 526   76 - 70   2.4 - 3.1				
		I718H1110167-02				
	ls t	the voltage OK?				

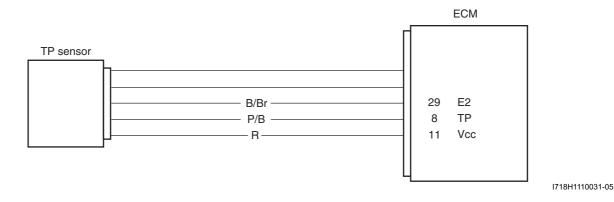
# DTC "C14" (P0120-H/L): TP Sensor Circuit Malfunction

## **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

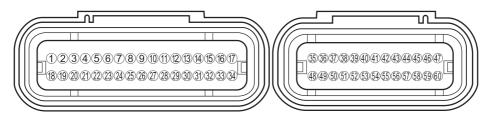
B718H11104013

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause		
		Output voltage is not within the following	TP sensor maladjusted.		
		range.	TP sensor circuit open or short.		
C14	Difference between actual throttle opening and opening calculated by ECM is larger		TP sensor malfunction.		
		than specified value.	ECM malfunction.		
		0.2 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.8 V			
	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified	<ul> <li>TP sensor circuit is shorted to Vcc or ground circuit is</li> </ul>		
P0120	11	value.	open.		
F0120	1	Sensor voltage is lower than specified	<ul> <li>TP sensor circuit is open or shorted to the ground or Vcc</li> </ul>		
	_	value.	circuit is open.		

#### **Wiring Diagram**



## **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

### **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

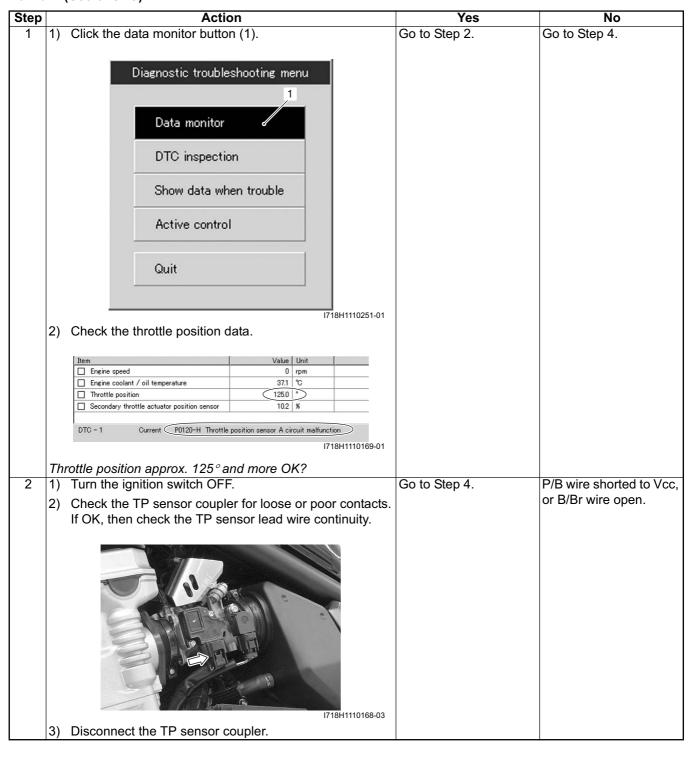
- After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- TP sensor is incorporated in the IAP sensor/IAT sensor.

# C14 (Use of mode select switch)

Step	Action	Yes	No
1 1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 4.	Loose or poor
2)	Check the TP sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then measure the TP sensor input voltage.		contacts on the ECM coupler.
	I718H1110168-03		Open or short circuit in the R or B/Br wire.
3)	Disconnect the TP sensor coupler.		
4)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
5)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
6)	Measure the input voltage at the R wire and ground. If OK, then measure the input voltage at the R wire and B/Br wire.		
	Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
	Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
	TP sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
	I718H1110035-03		
Is t	the voltage OK?		

### 1A-39 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

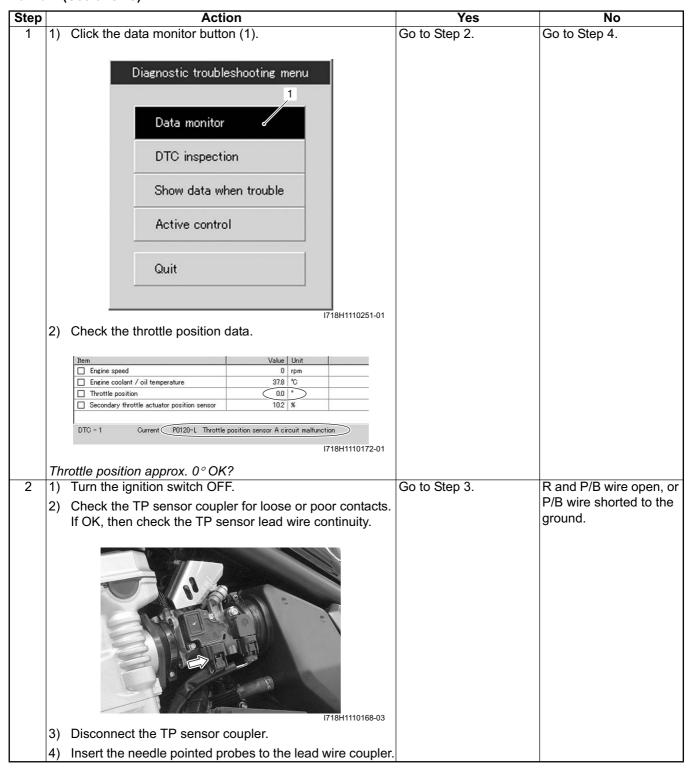
### P0120-H (Use of SDS)



Step		Action	Yes	No
2	4)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		P/B wire shorted to Vcc,
	'	Check the continuity between the P/B wire and R wire. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.	20 to 0top 4.	or B/Br wire open.
		Special tool ত্যে (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ত্যে (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •)))		
	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal		
		and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	7)	Check the continuity between the P/B wire "B" and terminal "8". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "C" and terminal "29".  Special tool		
		(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication		
		Continuity ( •))))		
		"C" "B" "O)) TOO! (A)		
		"29" I718H1110171-02		
	ls t	he continuity OK?		

## 1A-41 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

#### P0120-L (Use of SDS)



Step		Action	Yes	No
	5)		Go to Step 3.	R and P/B wire open, or
	0,	Also, check the continuity between the P/B wire and B/Br wire.  If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.	es to etop e.	P/B wire shorted to the ground.
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
	(2)	(A) (B) (718H1110040-03		
	,	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  Check the continuity between the P/B wire "B" and terminal "8". Also, check the continuity between the R wire "A" and terminal "11".		
		Special tool তি (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) তি (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		"B" "A" (A) (A) (B) (B) (B) (T18H1110041-03		
	ls t	he continuity OK?		
	_	•	1	1

# 1A-43 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

3 1) Connect the ECM coupler. 2) Turn the ignition switch ON. 3) Measure the input voltage at the R wire and ground. If OK, the measure the input voltage at the R and B/Br wire.  Turn the ignition switch OFF and go to Step 4. the R or B/	hort circuit in /Br wire.
3) Measure the input voltage at the R wire and ground.  If OK, the measure the input voltage at the R and B/Br	/Br wire.
If OK, the measure the input voltage at the R and B/Br	
wiie.	
Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)	
Tester knob indication Voltage ( )	
TP sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: B/Br)	
(A) V OO (B) I718H1110035-03	
Is the voltage OK?	

1) Turn the ignition switch OFF. 2) Connect the ECM coupler and TP sensor coupler. 3) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. 4) Turn the ignition switch ON. 5) Measure the TP sensor output voltage at the P/B wire and B/Br wire by turning the throttle grip.  Special tool  (M) (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (M) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  TP sensor output voltage Throttle valve is closed: Approx. 1.1 V Throttle valve is opened: Approx. 4.3 V ((+) terminal: P/B – (–) terminal: B/Br)  P/B, R or B/Br wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "8", "11" or "29" connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	2) Connect the ECM coupler and TP sensor coupler. 3) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. 4) Turn the ignition switch ON. 5) Measure the TP sensor output voltage at the P/B wire and B/Br wire by turning the throttle grip.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage ( )  TP sensor output voltage  Throttle valve is closed: Approx. 1.1 V  Throttle valve is opened: Approx. 4.3 V  ((+) terminal: P/B – (–) terminal: B/Br)  satisfactory, replace TP sensor with a new one.  Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section	Step		Action		Yes	No
1718H1110173-03	Is the voltage OK?		2) 3) 4) 5)	Connect the ECM coupler and TP sensor coupler.  Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  Turn the ignition switch ON.  Measure the TP sensor output voltage at the P/B wire and B/Br wire by turning the throttle grip.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage (	•	open or shorted to the ground, or poor "8", "11" or "29" connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section	satisfactory, replace TP sensor with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D
	Is the voltage OK?		ls t	the voltage OK?			

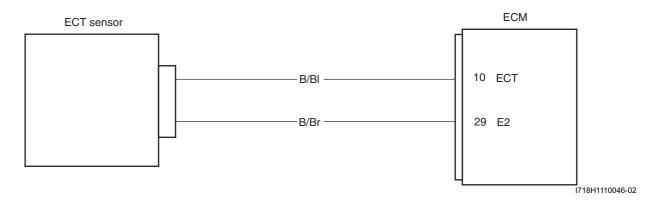
# DTC "C15" (P0115-H/L): ECT Sensor Circuit Malfunction

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

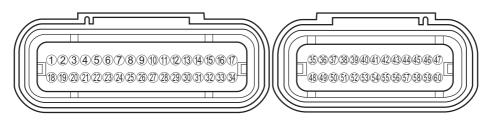
B718H11104014

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause		
		Output voltage is not with in the following	ECT sensor circuit open or short.		
C15		range.	ECT sensor malfunction.		
		0.15 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.85 V	ECM malfunction.		
	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified	ECT sensor circuit is open or ground circuit open.		
P0115	п	value.			
10113	-	Sensor voltage is lower than specified	ECT sensor circuit shorted to the ground.		
		value.			

## **Wiring Diagram**



#### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

#### **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

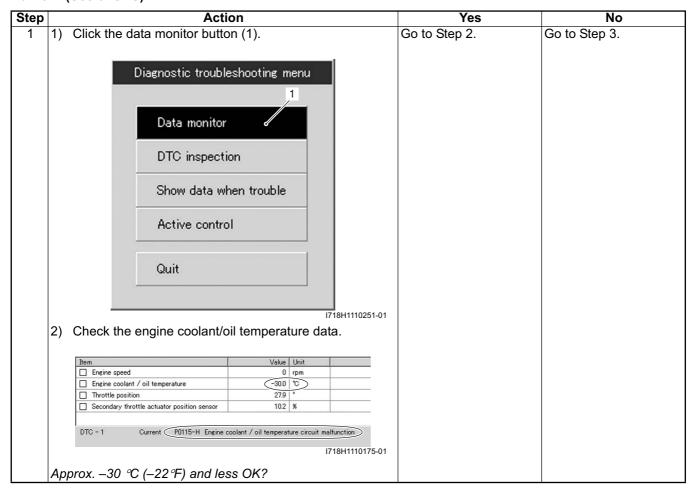
After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

# C15 (Use of mode select switch)

Step		Action	Yes		No
1		Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 3.	•	Loose or poor
	2)	Check the ECT sensor coupler for loose or poor			contacts on the ECM coupler.
		contacts.  If OK, then measure the ECT sensor input voltage at the			•
		wire side coupler.		•	Open or short circuit in the B/BI or B/Br wire.
		I718H1110174-02			
	3)	Disconnect the coupler and turn the ignition switch ON.			
	4)	Measure the input voltage between the B/BI wire			
		terminal and ground.			
		If OK, then measure the input voltage between the B/BI wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.			
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)			
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )			
		ECT sensor input voltage			
		4.5 – 5.5 V			
		((+) terminal: B/BI – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: B/BI – (–) terminal: B/Br)			
		V (A)			
		I718H1110048-03			
	ls t	he voltage OK?			
		<u> </u>	1	1	

## 1A-47 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

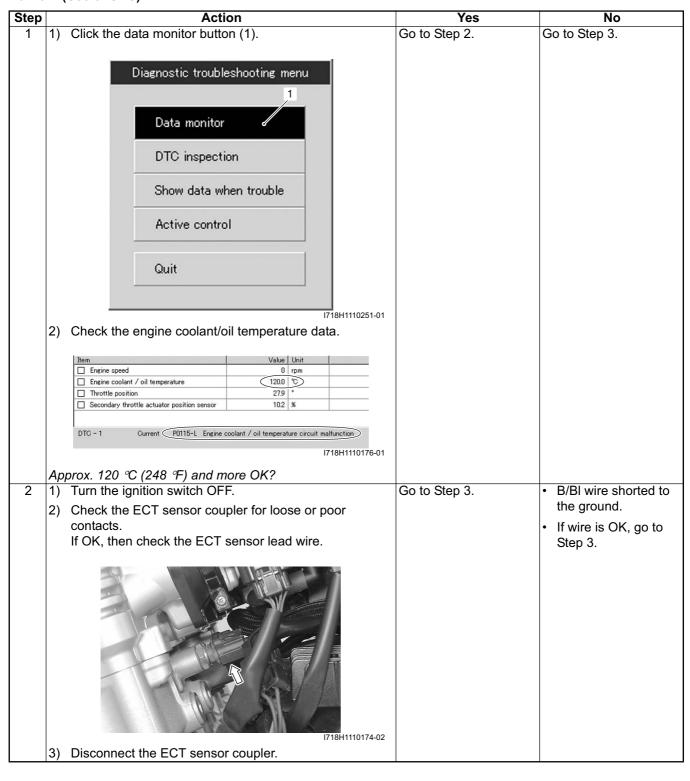
### P0115-H (Use of SDS)



Action  Tes No  Turn the lignition switch OFF.  Check the ECT sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts.  If OK, then check the ECT sensor lead wire continuity.  3) Disconnect the ECT coupler.  4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/ Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900—25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900—25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (*)))	04	1	A - 42	V	NI-
2) Check the ECT sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts.  If OK, then check the ECT sensor lead wire continuity.  3) Disconnect the ECT coupler.  4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 10-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/B Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (B): 09900-25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900-25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Continuity test (•i)))	Step	_	Action	Yes	No D/DL on D/Dr wing on an
3) Disconnect the ECT coupler.  4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/B Fr wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (B): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Continuity test (**)))	2	′		Go to Step 3.	B/BI or B/Br wire open.
If OK, then check the ECT sensor lead wire continuity.  3) Disconnect the ECT coupler.  4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/ Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (B): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Continuity test (**)))		2)			
3) Disconnect the ECT coupler.  4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (**)))					
3) Disconnect the ECT coupler. 4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)". 5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. 6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (			if OK, then check the ECT sensor lead wife continuity.		
4) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (•)))			I718H1110174-02		
and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".  5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (•)))		3)	Disconnect the ECT coupler.		
6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (•)))		4)			
6) Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (•)))		5)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Continuity test (•))))		1 ′	Check the continuity between the B/BI wire "A" and terminal "10". Also, check the continuity between the B/		
Continuity test ( •)))  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (B			ான் (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
Continuity test ( •)))  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (A)  (B)  (B			Tester knob indication		
"A" "B" "10" "10" "29"  I718H1110051-02					
"A"  "10"  "10"  "10"  "1718H1110051-02					
			"A"		
			29"		
Is the continuity OK?			I718H1110051-02		
		ls t	he continuity OK?		

### 1A-49 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

### P0115-L (Use of SDS)



Step		Action	Yes	No
2	4)	Check the continuity between the B/BI wire and ground.	Go to Step 3.	B/BI wire shorted to
	'	If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit		the ground.
		condition is OK.		<ul> <li>If wire is OK, go to</li> </ul>
		Special tool		Step 3.
		(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication		
		Continuity test ( •))))		
		•1)) •(A)		
		1718H1110054-03		
	5)	Connect the ECT sensor coupler.		
	6)	Remove the regulator/rectifier. Refer to "Regulator / Rectifier Inspection in Section 1J (Page 1J-8)".		
	7)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
	8)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
	9)	Measure the output voltage between the B/BI wire and ground.		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
		ECT sensor output voltage		
		0.15 – 4.85 V		
		((+) terminal: B/BI – (–) terminal: Ground)		
		I718H1110177-05		
	Are	e the continuity and voltage OK?		

# 1A-51 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action		Yes	No
3	1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Connect the ECM coupler.  Remove the regulator/rectifier. Refer to "Regulator / Rectifier Inspection in Section 1J (Page 1J-8)".  Disconnect the ECT sensor coupler.  Measure the ECT sensor resistance.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  Tester knob indication Resistance (Ω)  ECT sensor resistance Approx. 2.45 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F) (Terminal – Terminal)  NOTE  Refer to "ECT Sensor Inspection in Section 1C (Page 1C-3)" for details.	•	B/BI or B/Br wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "10" or "29" connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	Replace the ECT sensor with a new one. Refer to "ECT Sensor Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-2)".
	15 l	he resistance OK?			

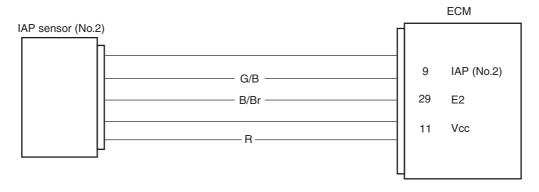
## DTC "C17" (P1750-H/L): IAP Sensor (No.2) Circuit Malfunction

# **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

B718H11104030

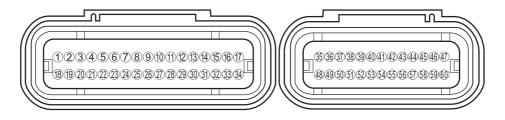
		Detected Condition	Possible Cause
		IAP sensor (No.2) voltage is not within the following range.  0.5 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.85 V  NOTE	<ul> <li>Clogged vacuum passage.</li> <li>IAP sensor (No.2) circuit open or shorted to the ground.</li> <li>IAP sensor (No.2) malfunction.</li> <li>ECM malfunction.</li> </ul>
C17		Note that atmospheric pressure varies depending on weather conditions as well as altitude. Take that into consideration when inspecting voltage.	
P1750	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.2) circuit is open or shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open.
F1750	L	Sensor voltage is lower than specified value.	IAP sensor (No.2) circuit is shorted to the ground or Vcc circuit open.
C17/P1750		When the sensor has unfastened (or being unfastened) from the throttle body or the pressure variation (voltage variation) cannot be detected, this malfunction code is output.	<ul> <li>Loosen the IAP sensor (No.2) mounting.</li> <li>IAP sensor (No.2) malfunction.</li> </ul>

### **Wiring Diagram**



I718H1110179-04

### **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

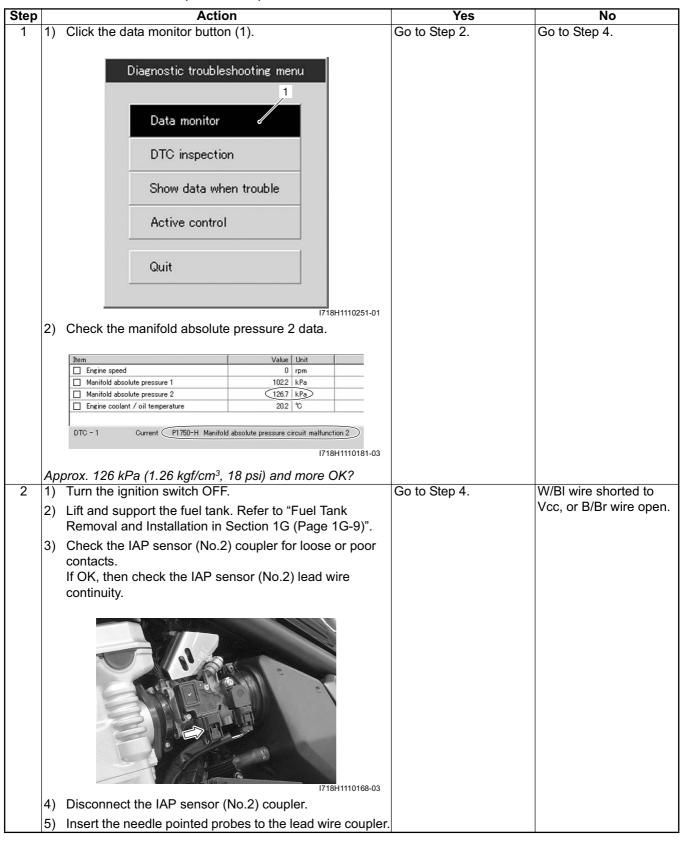
### NOTE

- After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- IAP sensor (No.2) is incorporated in the TP sensor/IAT sensor.

#### C17 for IAP sensor No.2 (Use of mode select switch)

C17 fc	or IA	AP sensor No.2 (Use of mode select switch)		
Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 4 (or P1750	Loose or poor
	2)	Check the IAP sensor (No.2) coupler for loose or poor contacts.	for IAP sensor No.2 (Use of SDS)).	contacts on the ECM coupler.
		If OK, then measure the IAP sensor (No.2) input voltage.	1,	Open or short circuit in the R or B/Br wire.
		1718H1110168-03		
	3)	Disconnect the IAP sensor (No.2) coupler.		
	4)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
	5)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
	6)	Measure the voltage at the R wire and ground. If OK, then measure the voltage at the R wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool ত্রি (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ত্রি (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
		IAP sensor (No.2) input voltage 4.5 - 5.5 V ((+) terminal: B - (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R - (-) terminal: B/Br)		
		I718H1110180-03		
	ls t	he voltage OK?		
	10 1	no vollago OIV:	1	

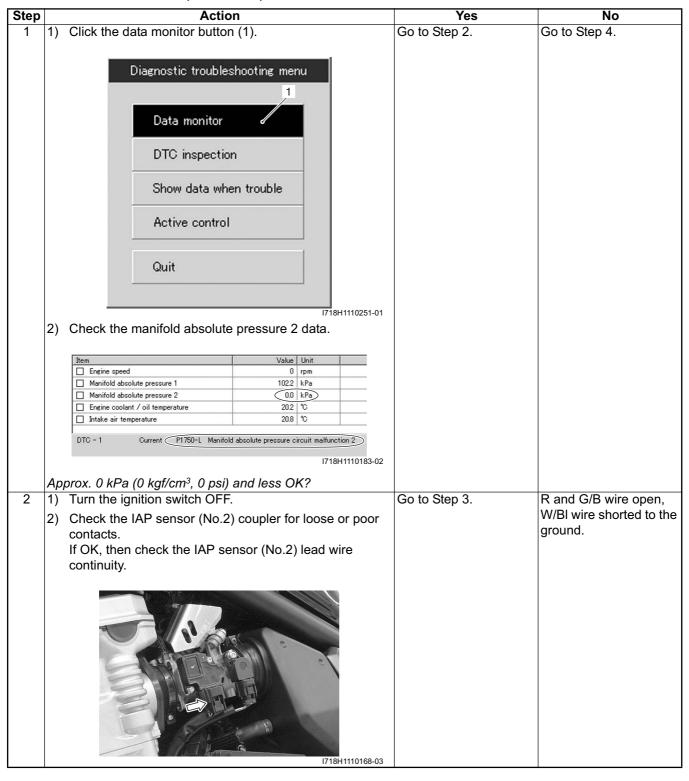
#### P1750-H for IAP sensor No.2 (Use of SDS)



# 1A-55 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step	Action	Yes	No
2	6) Check the continuity between the R and G/B wire.	Go to Step 4.	W/BI wire shorted to
	If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit		Vcc, or B/Br wire open.
	condition is OK.		
	Special tool		
	(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
	(B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
	Tester knob indication		
	Continuity ( •))))		
	•))) •)) •)		
	TOOL (B)		
	7) Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal		
	and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	8) Check the continuity between the G/B wire "C" and		
	terminal "9". If OK, then check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".		
	Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
	Tester knob indication		
	Continuity test ( •)))		
	"C" "B" (A)		
	"29"		
	I718H1110182-02		
	Is the continuity OK?		
	·		

## P1750-L for IAP sensor No.2 (Use of SDS)



# 1A-57 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
2	3)	Disconnect the IAP sensor (No.2) coupler.	Go to Step 3.	R and G/B wire open,
	4)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		W/BI wire shorted to the
	5)	Check the continuity between the G/B wire and ground. Also, check the continuity between the G/B wire and B/Br wire. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		ground.
		Special tool ক্রি (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ক্রি (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •))))		
		TOOL (A) (B) (T18H1110027-04		
	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	7)	Check the continuity between the R wire "A" and terminal "11". Also, check the continuity between the $G/B$ wire "C" and terminal "9".		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •)))		
		"C" "A" "ODD (A) "ODD		
	ls t	he continuity OK?		

Step		Action	Yes	No
3	1)	Connect the ECM coupler.	Go to Step 4.	Open or short circuit in
	2)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		the R wire or B/Br wire.
	3)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
	4)	Measure the input voltage at the R wire and ground with the needle pointed probes. If OK, the measure the input voltage at the R wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		<u>Tester knob indication</u> Voltage ( )		
		IAP sensor (No.2) input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		I718H1110180-03		
	ls t	he voltage OK?		

# 1A-59 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action		Yes		No
4	1) 2) 3) 4)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Connect the ECM coupler and IAP sensor (No.2) coupler.  Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. Starter the engine at idle speed and measure the IAP sensor (No.2) output voltage at the wire side coupler between G/B wire and B/Br wire.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage ( )  IAP sensor (No.2) output voltage 2.0 – 3.0 V at idle speed ((+) terminal: G/BI – (–) terminal: B/Br)	•	G/B, R or B/Br wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "9", "11" or "29" connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	•	Open or short circuit in the G/B wire.  If wire is OK, replace the IAP sensor (No.2) with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
	، ت					

# P1750 for IAP sensor No.2 (Use of SDS)

Step	Action	Yes	No
1	<ol> <li>Check the IAP sensor (No.2) is installed securely on the throttle body.</li> </ol>	Intermittent trouble.	Retighten the IAP sensor (No.2).
	I718H1110242-02		Replace the IAP sensor (No.2) with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
	Is the IAP sensor (No.2) installed securely?		

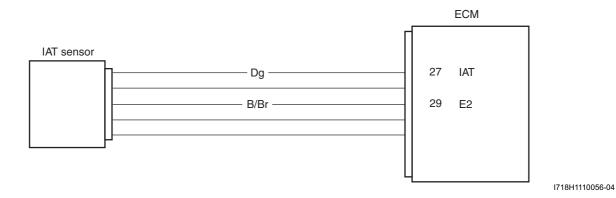
### DTC "C21" (P0110-H/L): IAT Sensor Circuit Malfunction

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

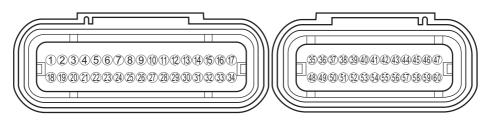
B718H11104015

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause
		Output voltage is not with in the following	IAT sensor circuit open or short.
C21			IAT sensor malfunction.
		0.15 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.85 V	ECM malfunction.
	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified	IAT sensor circuit open or ground circuit open.
P0110	п	value.	
F0110	ı	Sensor voltage is lower than specified	IAT sensor circuit shorted to the ground.
		value.	

## **Wiring Diagram**



#### **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

#### **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

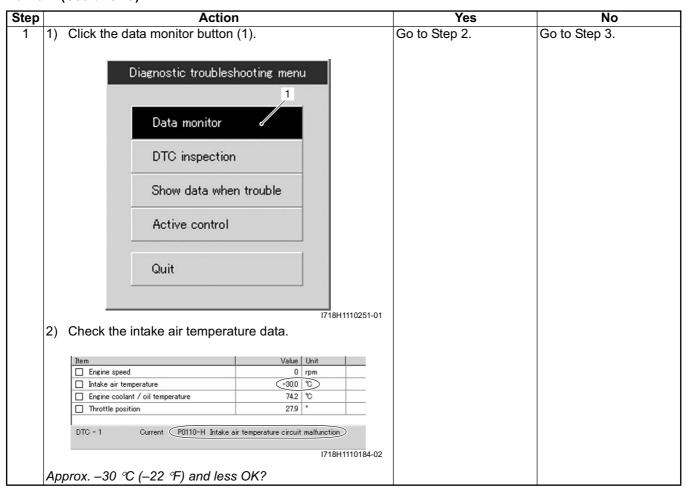
- After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- IAT sensor is incorporated in the IAP sensor/TP sensor.

# 1A-61 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

# C21 (Use of mode select switch)

1 1) Turn the ignition switch OFF. 2) Check the IAT sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then measure the IAT sensor input voltage.  3) Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler and turn the ignition switch ON. 4 Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. 5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground. If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (B) (8) 9990–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (C) (8) 10990–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (C) (8) 10990–25008 (Multi-circuit cester set) (C) (9) 1AT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V (**) terminal: 0g – (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: B/Br)	Step		Action	Yes	No
If OK, then measure the IAT sensor input voltage.  3) Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler and turn the Igo or B/Br wire.  3) Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler and turn the ignition switch ON.  4) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground.  If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (iii) (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (iiii) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage (:::)  IAT sensor input voltage  4.5 – 5.5 V  ((+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal:  Dg – (-) terminal: B/Br)	1	· '	_	Go to Step 3.	
Open or short circuit in the Dg or B/Br wire.  3) Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler and turn the ignition switch ON.  4) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground. If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool ((a): 09900−25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ((a): (B): 09900−25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  IAT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: Dg − (−) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg − (−) terminal: B/Br)		2)	·		
in the Dg or B/Br wire.  3) Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler and turn the ignition switch ON.  4) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground.  If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (I) (I) (1) (1) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (4) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7			If OK, then measure the IAT sensor input voltage.		·
switch ON.  4) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground.  If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  IAT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: B/Br)					in the Dg or B/Br
5) Measure the voltage between the Dg wire terminal and ground.  If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage (		3)	switch ON.		
ground.  If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage ()  IAT sensor input voltage  4.5 – 5.5 V  ((+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal:  Dg – (-) terminal: B/Br)		′			
If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg wire terminal and B/Br wire terminal.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  IAT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V  ((+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (-) terminal: B/Br)		5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  IAT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: B/Br)			If OK, then measure the input voltage between the Dg		
Voltage ( )  IAT sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: B/Br)			ார் (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: B/Br)					
((+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: B/Br)					
Dg – (–) terminal: B/Br)					
V (A)					
			29 ( ) to:a 2/2.)		
In the voltage OV2		lo t	I718H1110057-04		
Is the voltage OK?		Is t	he voltage OK?		

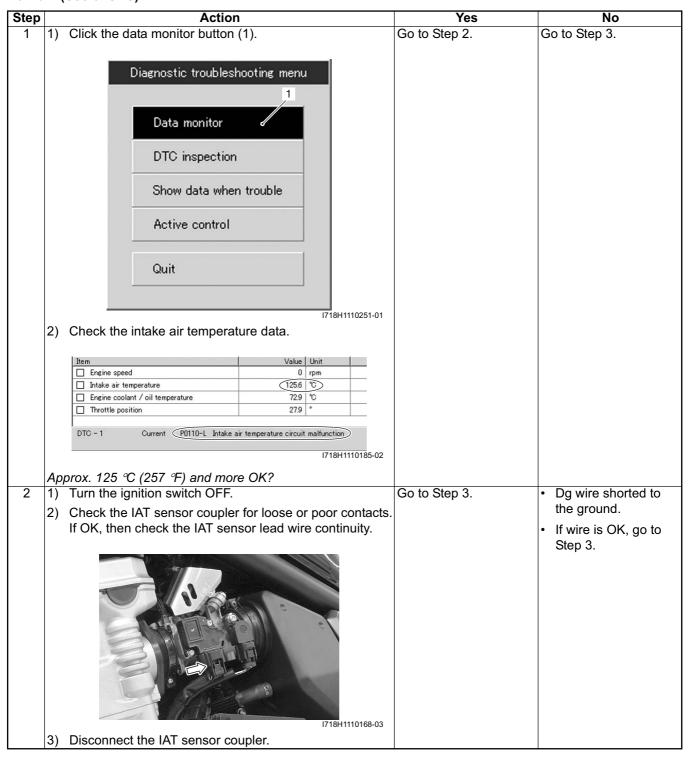
### P0110-H (Use of SDS)



# **1A-63** Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
2	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Connect the ECM	Dg or B/Br wire open.
	2)	Check the IAT sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts.	coupler and go to Step	
		If OK, then check the IAT sensor lead wire continuity.	3.	
	I718H1110168-03			
	3)	Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler.		
	4)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	5) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.			
	6)	Check the continuity between the Dg wire "B" and terminal "27". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "A" and terminal "29".		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication		
		Continuity test ( •)))		
		"A" "B" "OOO (A) "27" "27" "27" "29"  I718H1110060-03		
	lo t	the continuity OK?		
	ıs t	ne continuity OK?		

### P0110-L (Use of SDS)



# 1A-65 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No		
	4)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		Dg wire shorted to		
	5)	Check the continuity between the Dg wire and ground. If		the ground.		
		the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit		If wire is OK, go to		
		condition is OK.		Step 3.		
		Special tool				
		(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)				
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))				
		Continuity test (4/))				
	6) 7) 8) 9)	Connect the IAT sensor coupler.  Turn the ignition switch ON.  Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.  Measure the output voltage between the Dg wire and ground.				
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication				
	Tester knob indication Voltage ( )					
	IAT sensor output voltage 2.4 V at 23 °C (68 °F) ((+) terminal: Dg – (–) terminal: Ground)					
		(A) V (7) (B) (7) (B) (7) (B) (1) (1) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A				
	Are the continuity and voltage OK?					

Step		Action		Yes	No
3	1) 2) 3)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Disconnect the IAT sensor coupler.  Measure the IAT sensor resistance.	•	Dg or B/Br wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "27" or "29" connection.	with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  Tester knob indication Resistance (Ω)	•	If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.	
		IAT sensor resistance Approx. 2.56 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F) (Terminal – Terminal)		Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.	
		Ω Ω I718H1110186-02	•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	
	Is t	the resistance OK?			

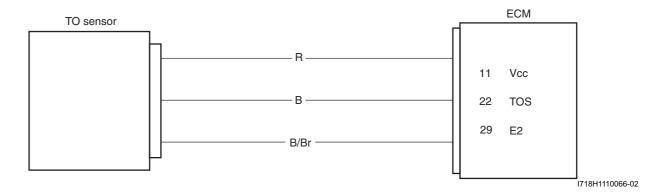
# DTC "C23" (P1651-H/L): TO Sensor Circuit Malfunction

## **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

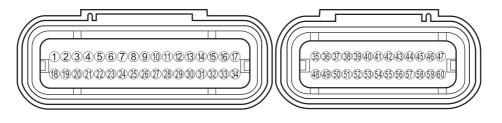
B718H11104016

Detected Condition			Possible Cause		
		The sensor voltage should be the	IAT sensor circuit open or short.		
C23		following for 2 sec. and more, after ignition	IAT sensor malfunction.		
023		switch is turned ON.	ECM malfunction.		
		0.2 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.8 V	LOW Mandiolion.		
	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified	<ul> <li>IAT sensor circuit open or ground circuit open.</li> </ul>		
P1651	"	value.			
F 1031	L	Sensor voltage is lower than specified	<ul> <li>IAT sensor circuit shorted to the ground.</li> </ul>		
		value.			

### **Wiring Diagram**



## ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

### **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

## C23 (Use of mode select switch)

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	Replace the TO sensor
	2)	Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".		with a new one. Refer to "TO Sensor Removal
	3)	Check the TO sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then measure the TO sensor resistance.		and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-3)".
		I718H1110187-02		
	4)	Disconnect the TO sensor coupler and dismount the TO sensor. Refer to "TO Sensor Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-3)".		
	5)	Measure the resistance between terminal "A" and terminal "C".		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		TO sensor resistance 16.5 – 22.3 kΩ (Terminal "A" – Terminal "C")		
		$\frac{\textbf{Tester knob indication}}{\textbf{Resistance }(\Omega)}$		
		"C" "A"		
	10.4			
	IS t	he resistance OK?		

## 1A-69 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

## P1651-H (Use of SDS)

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	B wire shorted to Vcc, or
	2)	Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".		B/Br wire open.
	3)	Check the TO sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then check the IAT sensor lead wire continuity.		
		I718H1110187-02		
	4)	Disconnect the TO sensor coupler.		
	5)	Check the continuity between the R wire "A" and B wire "B". If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
		"A"  "B"  (A)  (B)  (T18H1110070-02		
	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	7)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	l .	

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	8)	Check the continuity between the B wire "B" and terminal "22". Also, check the continuity between B/Br wire "C" and terminal "29".		B wire shorted to Vcc, or B/Br wire open.
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •۱)))		
		"B" (A)		
		"22"-"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""		
	Is	the continuity OK?		

## P1651-L (Use of SDS)

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	R or B wire open, or B
	2)	Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".		wire shorted to the ground.
	3)	Check the TO sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then check the TO sensor lead wire continuity.		
		I718H1110187-02		

## **1A-71** Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	4)	Disconnect the TO sensor coupler.	Go to Step 2.	R or B wire open, or B
	5)	Check the continuity between the B wire "B" and ground. Also, check the continuity between the B wire "B" and B/Br wire "C". If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		wire shorted to the ground.
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal		
	_ ´	and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	7)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		
	8)	Check the continuity between the R wire "A" and terminal "11". Also, then check the continuity between B wire "B" and terminal "22".		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
		"A" "B" (A) (A) (B) (T18H1110074-02		
		I718H1110074-02		
	Is t	he continuity OK?		

Step		Action		Yes	No
2	1) 2) 3)	Connect the ECM coupler and TO sensor coupler.  Dismount the TO sensor from its bracket. Refer to "TO Sensor Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-3)".  Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.	•	R, B or B/Br wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "11", "22" or "29" connection.	<ul> <li>Loosen or poor contacts on the ECM coupler.</li> <li>Open or short circuit.</li> <li>Replace the TO</li> </ul>
	4) 5)	Turn the ignition switch ON.  Measure the voltage at the wire side coupler between B and B/Br wire.	•	If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.	sensor with a new one. Refer to "TO Sensor Removal and Installation in Section
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)	•	Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor	1C (Page 1C-3)".
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		connection.	
		TO sensor voltage (Normal) 0.4 – 1.4 V ((+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: B/Br)	•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and	
		I718H1110189-03		Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	
	6)	Measure the voltage when it is leaned 65° and more to left and right, from the horizontal level.			
		TO sensor voltage (Leaning) 3.7 – 4.4 V ((+) terminal: B – (–) terminal: B/Br)			
	le t	I718H1110190-03  the voltage OK?			
		······································	_		

DTC "C24" (P0351), "C25" (P0352), "C26" (P0353) or "C27" (P0354): Ignition System Malfunction

**NOTE** 

Refer to "No Spark or Poor Spark in Section 1H (Page 1H-3)" for details.

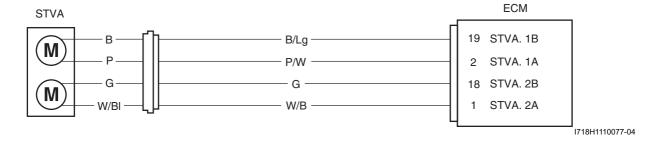
## DTC "C28" (P1655): Secondary Throttle Valve Actuator (STVA) Malfunction

B718H11104018

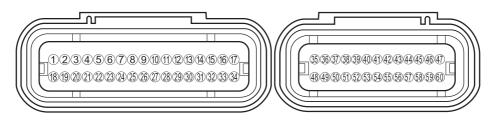
#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
The operation voltage does not reach the STVA.	STVA malfunction.
	STVA circuit open or short.
STVA.	STVA motor malfunction.

### **Wiring Diagram**



### **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

### **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

## NOTE

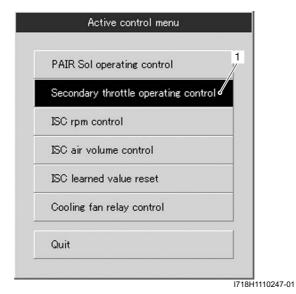
Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Remove the regulator/rectifier. Refer to "Regulator / Rectifier Construction in Section 1J (Page 1J-8)".	Go to Step 2.	Loose or poor contacts on the coupler.
	2)	Check the STVA lead wire coupler for loose or poor contacts.		<ul> <li>Open or short circuit in the B/Lg, P/W, W/B or G wire.</li> <li>If wire and connection are OK, go to Step 2.</li> </ul>
	3)	Move the air cleaner backward. Refer to "Air Cleaner Element Removal and Installation in Section 1D (Page 1D-6)".		
	4)	Turn the ignition switch ON to check the STV operation. (STVA operating order: Full open $\rightarrow$ 15% open)		
		I705H1110063-01		
	ls t	he operating OK?		

## 1A-75 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	$\top$	Yes		No
2	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	•	W/B, P/W, G and B/	•	Loose or poor
	2)	Move the throttle body right side. Refer to "Throttle Body Removal and Installation in Section 1D (Page 1D-9)".		Lg wire open or shorted to the		contacts on the ECM coupler.
	3)	Disconnect the STVA lead wire coupler.		ground, or poor "1", "2", "18" and "19"	•	Replace the STVA
	4)	Check the continuity between each terminal and ground.		connection.		with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  Tester knob indication	•	If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or		Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
		Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		faulty ECM.		
		STVA continuity $\infty \Omega$ (Infinity) (Terminal – Ground)	•	Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.		
		Ω (A) (A) (B) (B) (T718H1110192-02	•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	5)	If OK, then measure the STVA resistance (between the B wire "A" and P wire "B") and (between the G wire "C" and W/BI wire "D").				
		$\frac{\text{STVA resistance}}{\text{Approx. 7.0 }\Omega} \\ \text{(Terminal "A" - Ground "B", Terminal "C" - Ground "D")}$				
		(A) Ω (B) (C) (A) (D) (T) (A) (D) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A				
	ls t	he resistance OK?				
	Is t					

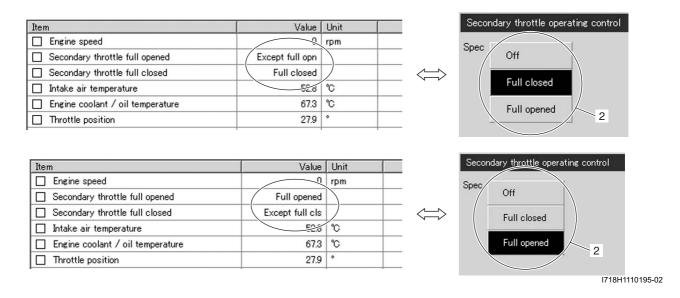
### **Active Control Inspection**

- 1) Set up the SDS tool. (Refer to the SDS operation manual for further details.)
- 2) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 3) Click "Secondary throttle operating control" (1).



4) Click each button (2).

At this time, if an operation sound is heard from the STVA, the function is normal.



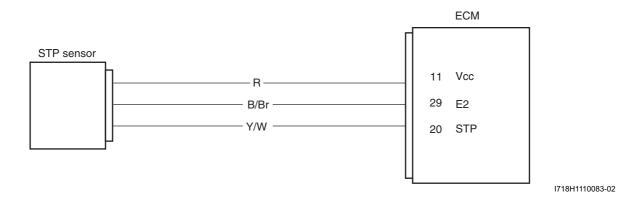
## DTC "C29" (P1654-H/L): Secondary Throttle Position Sensor (STPS) Circuit Malfunction

B718H11104019

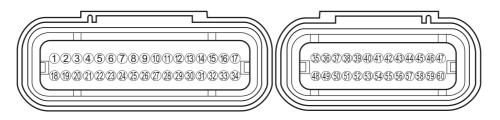
### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause		
	Signal voltage is not within the following range.		•	STP sensor maladjusted.	
			•	STP sensor circuit open or short.	
C29		Difference between actual throttle opening and opening calculated by ECM is larger	•	STP sensor malfunction.	
		than specified value.		ECM malfunction.	
	0.15 V ≤ Sensor voltage < 4.85 V				
	Н	Sensor voltage is higher than specified	•	STP sensor circuit shorted to Vcc or ground circuit open	
P1654	п	value.			
F 1034	1	Sensor voltage is lower than specified	•	STP sensor circuit open or shorted to the ground or Vcc	
	_	value.		circuit open.	

### **Wiring Diagram**



## **ECM** coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

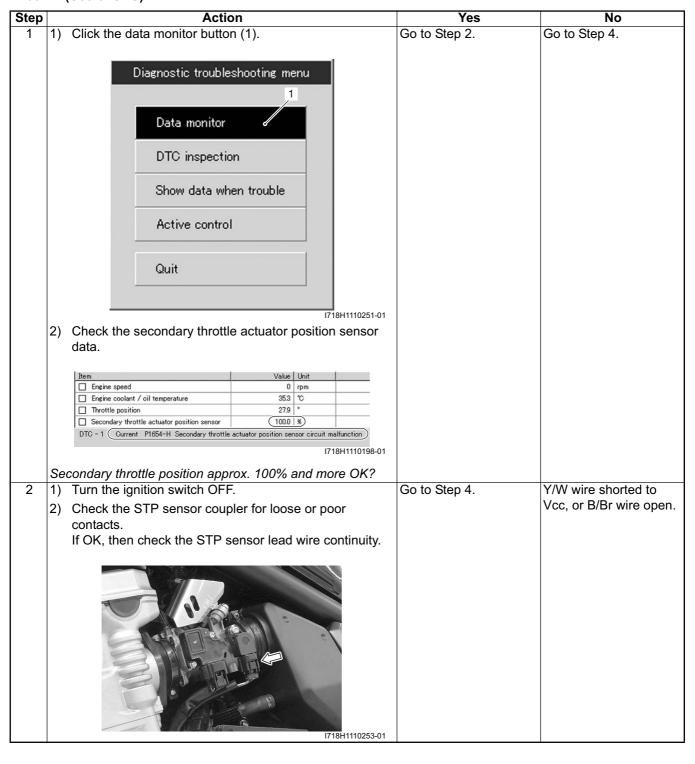
#### **NOTE**

## C29 (Use of mode select switch)

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 4.	Loose or poor
	2)	Check the STP sensor coupler for loose or poor		contacts on the ECM
		contacts.		coupler.
		If OK, then measure the STP sensor input voltage.		Open or short circuit in the R wire or B/Br wire.
		I718H1110253-01		
	3)	Disconnect the STP sensor coupler.		
	4)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
	5)	Measure the voltage at the R wire and ground. Also, measure the voltage at the R wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
		STP sensor input voltage		
		4.5 – 5.5 V		
		((+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		( ) torrillian 2/2/		
		I718H1110197-02		
	ļ,.			
	IS t	the voltage OK?		

## 1A-79 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

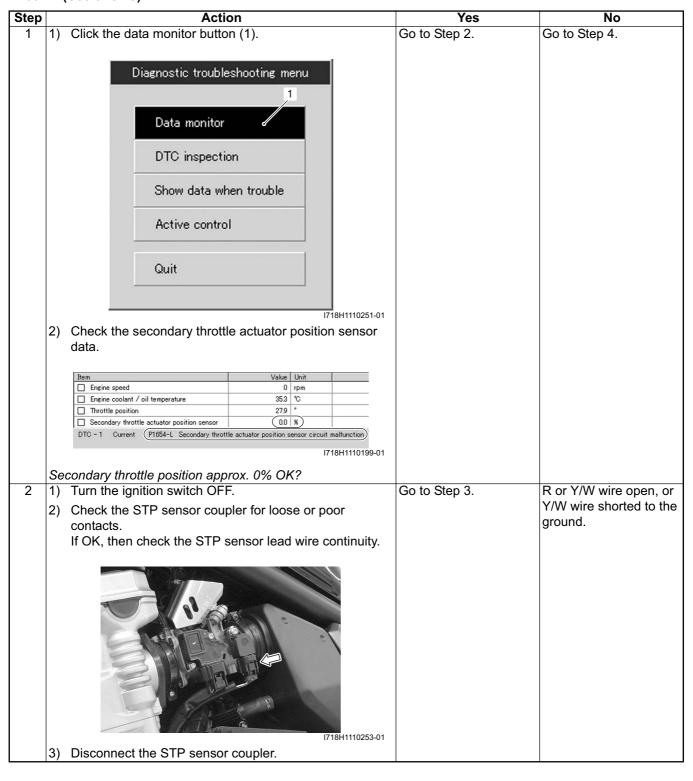
## P1654-H (Use of SDS)



Step		Action	Yes	No
2		Disconnect the STP sensor coupler.	Go to Step 4.	Y/W wire shorted to
	4)	Check the continuity between the Y/W wire and R wire. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.	·	Vcc, or B/Br wire open.
		Special tool তিত্ৰ (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •))))		
	5)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal		
	6)	and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)". Check the continuity between the Y/W wire "A" and terminal "20". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".		
		Special tool টো (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) টো (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
		"A"  (A)  (B)  (20)		
		I718H1110089-04		
	ls t	he continuity OK?		

## 1A-81 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

## P1654-L (Use of SDS)



Step		Action	Yes	No
2	4)		Go to Step 3.	R or Y/W wire open, or
	′	Also, check the continuity between the Y/W wire and B/	'	Y/W wire shorted to the
		Br wire.		ground.
		If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication		
		Continuity test ( •)))		
		[718H1110092-03		
	5)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal		
	,	and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	6)	Check the continuity between the Y/W wire "A" and		
		terminal "20". Also, check the continuity between the R wire "C" and terminal "11".		
		Special tool ক্রো (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ক্রো (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
		"C" (A) (O) (B)		
		"20"		
	Is t	he continuity OK?		

## 1A-83 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
3	1)	Connect the ECM coupler.	Go to Step 4.	Open or short circuit in
	2)	Disconnect the STP sensor coupler.		the R or B/Br wire.
	3)	Turn the ignition switch ON.		
	4)	Measure the input voltage at the R wire and ground. Also, measure the input voltage at the R wire and B/Br wire.		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )		
		STP sensor input voltage 4.5 – 5.5 V		
		4.5 – 5.5 V ((+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: Ground, (+) terminal: R – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		V TOOL (A)		
		I718H1110197-02		
	ls t	the voltage OK?		

Step		Action	Yes	No
4	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	R, Y/W or B/Br wire	If check result is not
	2)	Connect the ECM coupler and STP sensor coupler.	open or shorted to the ground, or poor	satisfactory, replace the STP sensor with a new
	3)	Move the air cleaner box backward. Refer to "Throttle	"11", "20" or "29"	one. Refer to "STP
		Body Removal and Installation in Section 1D (Page 1D-	connection.	Sensor Removal and
	4)	9)". Disconnect the STVA lead wire coupler. Refer to "DTC	If wire and	Installation in Section
	4)	"C28" (P1655): Secondary Throttle Valve Actuator	connection are OK,	1C (Page 1C-4)".
		(STVA) Malfunction (Page 1A-73)".	intermittent trouble or	
	5)	Insert the needle point probes to the lead wire coupler.	faulty ECM.	
	6)	Turn the ignition switch ON.	<ul> <li>Recheck each terminal and wire</li> </ul>	
	7)	Measure the STP sensor output voltage at the coupler	harness for open	
		(between the (+) Y/W wire and (–) B/Br wire) by turning	circuit and poor	
		the secondary throttle valve (close and open) with your finger.	connection.	
		•	Replace the ECM	
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)	with a known good one, and inspect it	
		(B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)	again. Refer to "ECM	
		Tester knob indication	Removal and	
		Voltage ( )	Installation in Section	
		STP sensor output voltage	1C (Page 1C-1)".	
		Secondary throttle valve is closed: Approx. 0.6 V		
		Secondary throttle valve is opened: Approx. 4.5 V		
		((+) terminal: Y/W – (–) terminal: B/Br)		
		B		
		TOOL (A)		
		(Tool (A) V		
		651 FT		
		(B) (B)		
		I718H1110201-03		
		I705H1110071-01		
	1			
	ıs t	he voltage OK?		

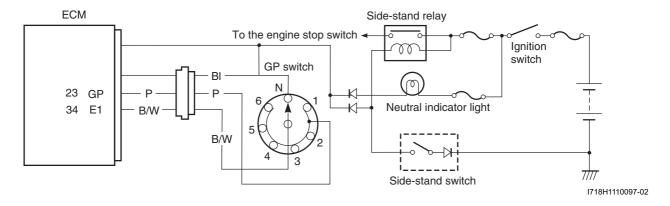
## DTC "C31" (P0705): GP Switch Circuit Malfunction

### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

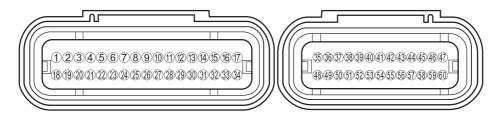
B718H11104020

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
No Gear Position switch voltage	Gear position switch circuit open or short.
Switch voltage is not within the following range.	Gear position switch malfunction.
Switch voltage > 0.6 V	ECM malfunction.

### **Wiring Diagram**



## ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### NOTE

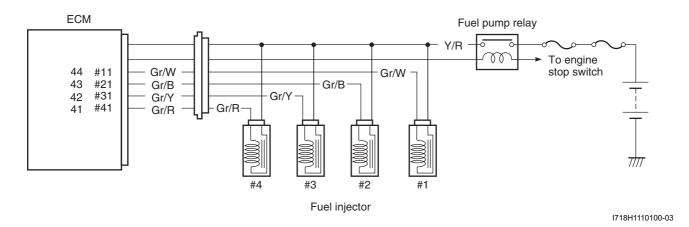
#### Yes Step Action No Turn the ignition switch OFF. 1 P wire open or P or B/W wire open, shorted to the or P wire shorted to 2) Remove the left frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts ground. the ground. Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)". If wire and Loose or poor 3) Check the GP switch coupler for loose or poor contacts. connection are OK, contacts on the ECM If OK, then measure the GP switch voltage. intermittent trouble or coupler. faulty ECM. If wire and Recheck each connection are OK, terminal and wire replace the GP harness for open switch with a new circuit and poor one. Refer to "Gear connection. Position (GP) Switch Removal and Replace the ECM Installation in Section with a known good 5B (Page 5B-12)". one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and I718H1110254-01 4) Support the motorcycle with a jack. Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)". 5) Fold the side-stand to up position. 6) Make sure the engine stop switch is in the "RUN" position. 7) Insert the needle pointed probe to the lead wire coupler. 8) Turn the ignition switch ON. 9) Measure the voltage at the wire side coupler between the P and B/W wire, when shifting the gearshift lever from 1st to Top. Special tool (A): 09900-25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900-25009 (Needle pointed probe set) **Tester knob indication Voltage** ( \_\_\_\_ ) **GP** switch voltage 0.6 V and more ((+) terminal: P - (-) terminal: B/W) 001 (B) I718H1110203-03 Is the voltage OK?

# DTC "C32" (P0201), "C33" (P0202), "C34" (P0203) or "C35" (P0204): Fuel Injector Circuit Malfunction

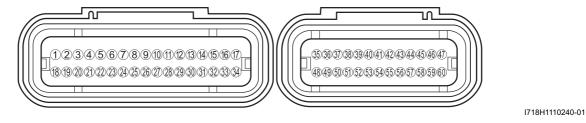
#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
CKP signal is produced but fuel injector signal is	Injector circuit open or short.
interrupted by 4 times or more continuity.	Injector malfunction.
	ECM malfunction.

### **Wiring Diagram**



## ECM coupler (Harness side)



### **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

### **NOTE**

- After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".
- · Injector voltage can be detected only for 3 seconds after ignition switch is turned ON.

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	Replace the injector
	2)	Lift and support the fuel tank. Refer to "Fuel Tank		with a new one. Refer to
	<b>'</b>	Removal and Installation in Section 1G (Page 1G-9)".		"Throttle Body
	3)	Check the injector coupler for loose or poor contacts.		Disassembly and
	<b>'</b>	If OK, then measure the injector resistance.		Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
				(Fage 1D-10).
		I718H1110204-01		
	4)	Disconnect the injector coupler and measure the resistance between terminals.		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		
		Injector resistance 11 – 13 $\Omega$ at 20 °C (68 °F) (Terminal – Terminal)		
		(A) (A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C		

## 1A-89 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step	Action	Yes	No
1	5) If OK, then check the continuity between each terminal and ground.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  Injector continuity  ∞ Ω (Infinity)	Go to Step 2.	Replace the injector with a new one. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".
	Ι718H1110206-02		
	Are the resistance and continuity OK?		

Step		Action	Г	Yes	No
2	1)	Turn the ignition switch ON.  Measure the injector voltage between the Y/R wire and ground.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)	•	Gr/W wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "44" connection (#1 cylinder side).	Open circuit in the Y/R wire.
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( ) Injector voltage Battery voltage	•	Gr/B wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "43" connection (#2 cylinder side).	
		((+) terminal: Y/R – (–) terminal: Ground)	•	Gr/Y wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "42" connection (#3 cylinder side).	
			•	Gr/R wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "41" connection (#4 cylinder side).	
	lo t	I718H1110207-03	•	If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.	
	18 (	ne vollage OK?	•	Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.	
			•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section	
				1C (Page 1C-1)".	

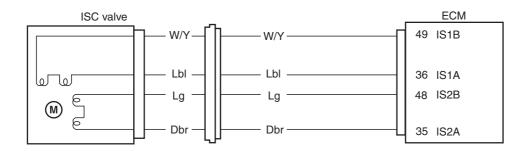
## DTC "C40" (P0505 / P0506 / P0507): ISC Valve Circuit Malfunction

B718H11104022

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

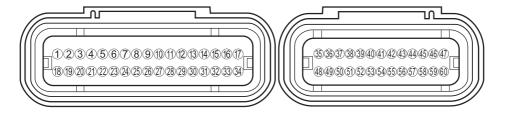
	Detected Condition	Possible Cause
C40/P0505	The circuit voltage of motor drive is	ISC valve circuit open or shorted to the ground.
C40/F0303	unusual.	
	Idle speed is lower than the desired idle	Air passage clogged.
C40/P0506	speed.	ISC valve is fixed.
		ISC valve preset position is incorrect.
	Idle speed is high than the desired idle	Disconnect ISC valve hose.
C40/P0507	speed.	ISC valve is fixed.
		ISC valve preset position is incorrect.

#### **Wiring Diagram**



I718H1110105-03

### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

- Be careful not to disconnect the ISC valve coupler at least 5 seconds after ignition switch is turned to OFF.
  - If the ECM coupler is disconnected within 5 seconds after ignition switch is turned to OFF, there is a possibility of an usual valve being written in ECM and causing an error of ISC valve operation.
- When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### NOTE

Ston		Action	Yes	No
Step 1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	Lbl, W/Y, Dgr or Lg wire
'	′		Oo to Step 2.	open.
	2)	Check the ISC valve coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then check the ISC valve lead wire continuity.		орон.
		if OK, then check the ISC valve lead wife continuity.		
		I718H1110208-02		
	3)	Disconnect the ISC valve coupler and ECM coupler.		
		Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		
	4)	Check the continuity between terminals "A" and "49",		
		terminals "B" and "36", terminals "C" and "48", terminals		
		"D" and "35".		
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication		
		Continuity test (•)))		
		"A" "D"		
		(A)		
		"35" "36" "36" "49" "49"		
		I718H1110209-03		
	ls t	he continuity OK?		

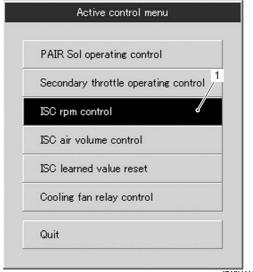
## 1A-93 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
2	1)	Move the throttle body right side. Refer to "Throttle Body	If wire is OK,	Replace the ISC valve
		Removal and Installation in Section 1D (Page 1D-9)".	intermittent trouble or	with a new one. Refer to
	2)	Disconnect the ISC valve coupler.	faulty ECM.	"Throttle Body
	3)	Check the continuity between each terminal and ground.		Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D
		Special tool		(Page 1D-10)".
		(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		
		$\frac{\text{ISC valve continuity}}{\infty \ \Omega \ (\text{Infinity})} \\ (\text{Terminal - Ground})$		
	4)	If OK, then measure the resistance (between the Lbl wire "A" and W/Y wire "B") and (between the Dbr wire "C" and Lg wire "D").		
		ISC valve resistance Approx. 20 $\Omega$ at 20 °C (68 °F) (Terminal: Lg – Terminal: W/Y, Terminal: Dbr – Terminal: Lg)		
		(A) Ω (B) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T) (T		
	le t	he resistance OK?		
<u> </u>	13 1	no residunte en:		

## **ACTIVE CONTROL INSPECTION (ISC RPM CONTROL)**

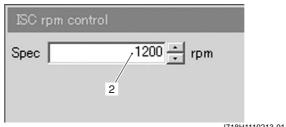
#### Check 1

- 1) Set up the SDS tool. (Refer to the SDS operation manual for further details.)
- 2) Check that the engine is running.
- 3) Click the "Active control".
- 4) Click the "ISC rpm control" (1).



I718H1110246-01

- 5) Check that the "Spec" (2) is idle speed 1 200  $\pm$  100 rpm.
- 6) Check that the "Desired idle speed" (3) is within the specified idle rpm.



I718H1110213-01

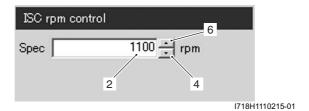
Item	Value	Unit
☐ Engine speed	1268	rpm
Desired idle speed	3 1205	rpm
☐ ISC valve position	80	step
Manifold absolute pressure 1	68.9	kPa
Manifold absolute pressure 2	64.1	kPa

I718H1110214-02

#### 1A-95 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

#### Check 2

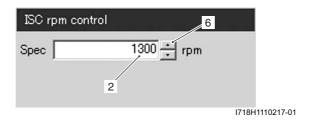
- 1) Click the button (4) and decrease the "Spec" (2) to 1 100 rpm slowly.
- 2) Check that the "Desired idle speed" (3) is nearly equal to the "Spec" (2). At the same time, check that the number of steps (5) in the ISC valve position decreases.
- 3) Click the button (6) and increase the "Spec" (2) slowly.
- 4) Check that the "Desired idle speed" (3) is nearly equal to the "Spec" (2). Also, check that the number of steps (5) in the ISC valve position increases.



Item	Value	Unit
☐ Engine speed	1054	rpm
Desired idle speed	3 ── 1104	rpm
☐ ISC valve position	5 74	step
Manifold absolute pressure 1	72.8	kPa
Manifold absolute pressure 2	64.1	kPa
	·	I718H111021

#### Check 3

- 1) Click the button (6) and increase the "Spec" (2) to 1 300 rpm slowly.
- 2) Check that the "Desired idle speed" (3) is nearly equal to the "Spec" (2). Also, check that the number of steps (5) in the ISC valve position increases.



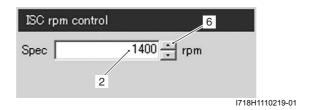
Item	Value		
☐ Engine speed	1356	rpm	
Desired idle speed	3 ── 1305	rpm	
☐ ISC valve position	5 84	step	
Manifold absolute pressure 1	69.6	kPa	
Manifold absolute pressure 2	80.0	kPa	
		I718H1110218	

### Check 4

- 1) Click the button (6) and increase the "Spec" (2) to 1 400 rpm.
- 2) Check that the "Desired idle speed" (3) is approx. 1 400 rpm.
- 3) Check that the "Engine speed" (7) is close to 1 400 rpm.

#### **NOTE**

Be careful not to increase the "Spec" to 1 700 rpm, or the "Engine speed" may reach the upper limit.



Item	Value	Unit
☐ Engine speed	7 1418	rpm
Desired idle speed	3 1405	rpm
☐ ISC valve position	90	step
Manifold absolute pressure 1	65.0	kPa
Manifold absolute pressure 2	85.9	kPa
	1	1718H1110220-0

If the ISC valve does not function properly, replace the ISC valve or inspect the ISC valve. Refer to "Throttle Body Disassembly and Assembly in Section 1D (Page 1D-10)".

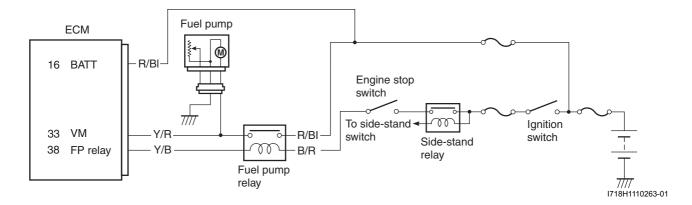
## DTC "C41" (P0230-H/L): FP Relay Circuit Malfunction

## **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

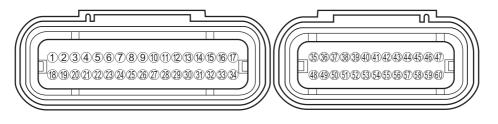
B718H11104023

		Detected Condition	Possible Cause
	C41 No voltage is applied to fuel pump although fuel pump relay is turned ON, or voltage is applied to fuel pump, although fuel pump relay is turned OFF.		Fuel pump relay circuit open or short.
C41			Fuel pump relay malfunction.
041			ECM malfunction.
	Н	Voltage is applied to fuel pump although fuel pump relay is turned OFF.	<ul> <li>Fuel pump relay switch circuit is shorted to power source.</li> </ul>
P0230			Faulty pump relay (switch side).
		No voltage is applied to fuel pump	Fuel pump relay coil circuit open or short.
	╧	although fuel pump relay is turned ON.	Faulty pump relay (coil side).

## **Wiring Diagram**



### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

### **NOTE**

## C41 (Use of mode select switch)

Step		Action		Yes	No
:	1) 2) 3)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".  Check the FP relay coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then check the FP relay. Refer to "Fuel Pump Relay Inspection in Section 1G (Page 1G-7)".	•	ECM power input signal malfunction. Refer to "DTC "C41" (P2505): ECM Power Input Signal Malfunction (Page 1A-100)".	Replace the FP relay with a new one.
				Y/B or B/R wire open or short or poor "38" connection. Y/R or R/BI wire open, shorted or poor "33" connection. If wire and connection are OK,	
	Ist		•	intermittent trouble or faulty ECM. Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.	
			•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	

## P0230-H (Use of SDS)

Step		Action		Yes	No
1	1) 2)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and	•	Y/B wire shorted to power source.	Replace the FP relay with a new a new one.
	Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".	•	Y/B wire shorted to		
	3)	Check the FP relay coupler for loose or poor contacts.  If OK, then check the FP relay. Refer to "Fuel Pump		the ground.  If wire and	
		Relay Inspection in Section 1G (Page 1G-7)".		connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.	
		•	Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.		
		I718H1110221-03	•	Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM	
	Ist	the FP relay OK?		Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	

## 1A-99 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

## P0230-L (Use of SDS)

Step Action	Yes No
1 Turn the ignition switch OFF. 2) Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)". 3) Check the FP relay coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then check the FP relay. Refer to "Fuel Pump Relay Inspection in Section 1G (Page 1G-7)".	Y/B wire open or poor Replace the FP relay     "20"

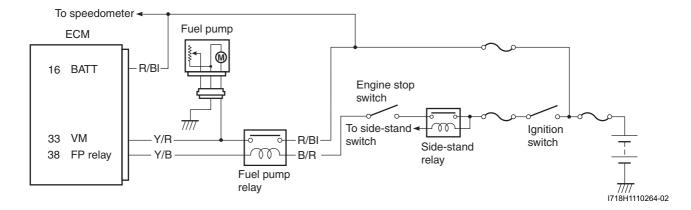
## DTC "C41" (P2505): ECM Power Input Signal Malfunction

### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

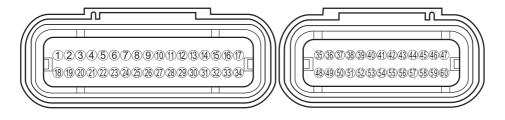
B718H11104031

Detected Condition		Possible Cause
	No voltage is applied to the ECM,	<ul> <li>Lead wire/coupler connection of ECM terminal to fuel</li> </ul>
044/50505	although FP relay is turned ON.	fuse
C41/P2505		Fuel fuse
		Power source of speedometer shorted to ground

## **Wiring Diagram**



### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

## **Troubleshooting**

## **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

### **NOTE**

## **1A-101** Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1) 2) 3)	Turn the ignition switch OFF. Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)". Check the ECM coupler for loose or poor contacts. If OK, then measure the ECM input voltage.	Fuel pump relay circuit malfunction. Refer to "DTC "C41" (P0230-H/L): FP Relay Circuit Malfunction (Page 1A-97)".	Open or short circuit in the R/BI wire.
		I718H1110256-01	R/BI wire open or short or poor "16" connection. If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM. Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open	
	4)	Disconnect the ECM coupler.	circuit and poor connection.	
	5) 6)	Insert the needle pointed probe to ECM coupler.  Measure the voltage between terminal "16" and ground.	Replace the ECM	
	0)	Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)	with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and	
		Tester knob indication Voltage ( )	Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	
		ECM input voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: "16" – (–) terminal: Ground)		
		TOOL (B)		
		"16" "16" "I718H1110250-01		
	ls t	he voltage OK?		

### DTC "42" (P1650): IG Switch Circuit Malfunction

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

B718H11104024

Detected Condition	Possible Cause	
Ignition switch signal is not input in the ECM.	Ignition system circuit open or short.	
	ECM malfunction.	

## **Troubleshooting**

### **NOTE**

- Refer to "Ignition Switch Inspection in Section 9C (Page 9C-10)" for details.
- After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

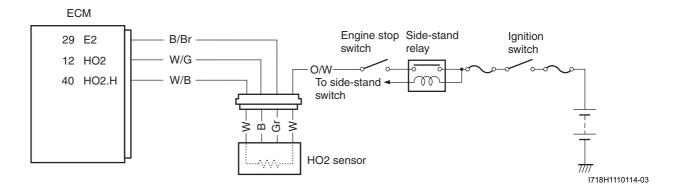
## DTC "C44" (P0130/P0135): HO2 Sensor (HO2S) Circuit Malfunction

B718H11104025

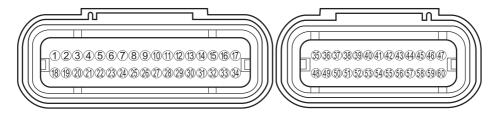
### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
HO2 sensor output voltage is not input to ECM during	HO2 sensor circuit open or short.
engine operation and running condition.	ECM malfunction.
Sensor voltage > 1.0 V The heater can not operate so that heater operation	HO2 sensor lead wire/coupler connection.
voltage is not supplied to the oxygen heater circuit.	Battery voltage supply to the HO2 sensor

## **Wiring Diagram**



## ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

Troubleshooting (When Indicating C44/P0130:)

## **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

## **NOTE**

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	W/G wire shorted to the
	2)	Remove the left frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts		power source, or W/G
	′	Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".		or B/Br wire open.
	3)	Check the HO2 sensor coupler for loose or poor contacts.  If OK, then check the HO2 sensor lead wire continuity.		
	4)	Disconnect the HO2 garage coupler.		
	1 '	Disconnect the HO2 sensor coupler.		
	5)	Check the continuity between the W/G wire and O/W wire. Also, check the continuity between the W/G wire and W wire. If the sound is not heard from the tester, the circuit condition is OK.		
		Special tool তিত্ৰ (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity test ( •)))		
		I718H1110265-01		

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	6)	Disconnect the ECM coupler. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	Go to Step 2.	W/G wire shorted to the power source, or W/G
	7)	Check the continuity between the W/G wire "A" and terminal "12". Also, check the continuity between the B/Br wire "B" and terminal "29".		or B/Br wire open.
		Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)		
		Tester knob indication Continuity ( •۱)))		
		"B" (A)		
		(B) (12) (12) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13		
	ls t	the continuity OK?		

# 1A-105 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

# Troubleshooting (When Indicating C44/P0135:)

## NOTE

After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

Step		Action	Yes	No
1		Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	Replace the HO2
	2)	Remove the left frame cover. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".		sensor with a new one. Refer to "HO2 Sensor
	3)	Check the HO2 sensor for loose or poor contacts.		Removal and
		If OK, then measure the HO2 sensor resistance.		Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-6)".
	4)	Disconnect the HO2 sensor coupler and measure the		
	4)	Disconnect the HO2 sensor coupler and measure the resistance between terminals.		
		<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>		
		<ul> <li>Temperature of the sensor affects resistance value largely.</li> <li>Make sure that the sensor heater is in correct temperature.</li> </ul>		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		
		HO2 heater resistance		
		Approx. 8 $\Omega$ at 23 °C (73 °F) (W – W)		
		[718H1110243-01		
	ls i	the resistance OK?		

# 1A-107 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

1) Connect the HO2 sensor coupler. 2) Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler. 3) Turn the ignition switch ON and measure the heater voltage between the W/B wire and ground. If the tester voltage indicates the battery voltage, it is good condition.  NOTE  Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  Heater voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Priewtinozas-02  Is the voltage OK?  Open or shortd circuit open or shorted it open or shorted it open or shorted it open or shorted it open or short circuit in the W/B wire or O/ W wire.  Open or short circuit in the W/B wire or O/ W wire.  Open or short circuit in the W/B wire or O/ W wire.  Is wis end connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	Step		Action		Yes		No
Turn the ignition switch ON and measure the heater voltage between the W/B wire and ground. If the tester voltage indicates the battery voltage, it is good condition.  NOTE  Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  W wire.  Loose or poor contacts on the ECM coupler or HO2 sensor coupler.  W wire.  Loose or poor contacts on the ECM coupler or HO2 sensor coupler.	2	1)	Connect the HO2 sensor coupler.	•		•	
woltage between the W/B wire and ground.  If the tester voltage indicates the battery voltage, it is good condition.  NOTE  Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (B): 09900−25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900−25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage (		2)	Insert the needle pointed probes to the lead wire coupler.		•		
voltage between the W/B wire and ground.  If the tester voltage indicates the battery voltage, it is good condition.  NOTE  Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900−25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900−25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication  Voltage ( → )  Heater voltage  Battery voltage  ((+) terminal: W/B − (−) terminal: Ground)  * Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".		3)	Turn the ignition switch ON and measure the heater		"40" connection.		
mod condition.  NOTE  Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) ((B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".						•	
NOTE Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (-) terminal: Ground)  harness for open circuit and poor connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".			•	•			
Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (-) terminal: Ground)  circuit and poor connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermitent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".			good condition.				•
Battery voltage can be detected only before starting the engine.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ()  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Connection.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".			NOTE		•		acrisor coupier.
starting the engine.  Special tool			Battery voltage can be detected only before				
Special tool			•	•	If wire and		
(A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set) (B): 09900–25009 (Needle pointed probe set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".					connection are OK,		
Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  *Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".			•				
Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  * Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".			<del></del> ` ,		faulty ECM.		
Voltage ( )  Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Tithing a properties one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".				•	•		
Heater voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Application in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".					•		
Battery voltage ((+) terminal: W/B – (–) terminal: Ground)  Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".							
1C (Page 1C-1)".			•				
1718H1110232-02			((*) terminal. W/B = (=) terminal. Ground)		1C (Page 1C-1)".		
Is the voltage OK?			(B)				
		ls t	he voltage OK?				

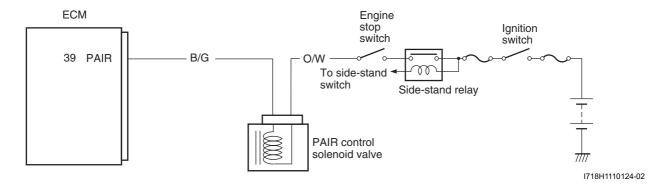
#### DTC "C49" (P1656): PAIR Solenoid Valve Circuit Malfunction

#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

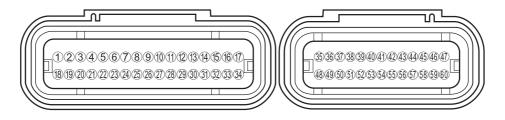
B718H11104028

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
PAIR control solenoid valve ampere is not input to ECM.	PAIR control solenoid valve circuit open or short.
	PAIR control solenoid valve malfunction.
	ECM malfunction.

#### **Wiring Diagram**



#### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

#### **Troubleshooting**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

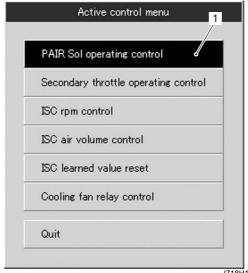
# 1A-109 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

Step		Action	Yes	No
1	1)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.	Go to Step 2.	Replace the PAIR
	2)	Remove the fuel tank. Refer to "Fuel Tank Removal and Installation in Section 1G (Page 1G-9)".		control solenoid with a new one. Refer to "PAIR
	3)	Check the PAIR control solenoid valve coupler for loose		Control Solenoid Valve
	'	or poor contacts.		Removal and
		If OK, then measure the PAIR solenoid valve resistance.		Installation in Section 1B (Page 1B-6)".
		I718H1110233-01		
	4)	Disconnect the PAIR control solenoid valve coupler.		
	5)	Measure the resistance between terminals.		
		Special tool (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)		
		Tester knob indication Resistance ( $\Omega$ )		
		PAIR control solenoid valve resistance $18-22~\Omega$ at $20-30~^{\circ}$ C ( $68-86~^{\circ}$ F) (Terminal – Terminal)		
		1718H1110234-02		
	Is t	he resistance OK?		

Step		Action		Yes	No
2	1) 2)	Turn the ignition switch ON.  Measure the voltage between the O/W wire and ground.  Special tool  (A): 09900–25008 (Multi-circuit tester set)  Tester knob indication Voltage ( )  PAIR control solenoid valve voltage Battery voltage ((+) terminal: O/W – (–) terminal: Ground)	•	B/G wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "39" connection failure.  If wire and connection are OK, intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section 1C (Page 1C-1)".	Open or short circuit in the O/W wire.
I	15 1	the voltage OK?			

### **Active Control Inspection**

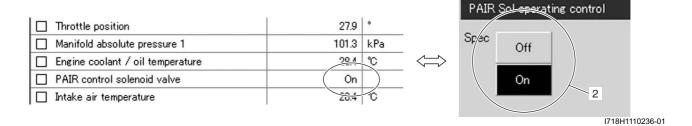
- 1) Set up the SDS tool. (Refer to SDS operation manual for further details.)
- 2) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 3) Click "PAIR Sol operating control" (1).



I718H1110245-01

#### 1A-111 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

4) Click each button (2). At this time, if an operating sound is heard from the PAIR control solenoid valve, the function is normal.



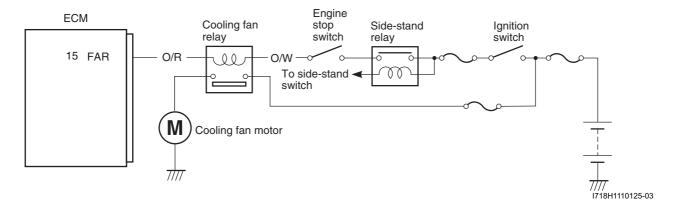
### DTC "C60" (P0480): Cooling Fan Relay Circuit Malfunction

#### B718H11104029

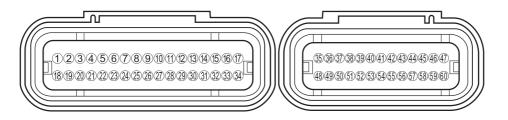
#### **Detected Condition and Possible Cause**

Detected Condition	Possible Cause
Cooling fan relay signal is not input to ECM.	Cooling fan relay circuit open or short.
	ECM malfunction.

#### **Wiring Diagram**



### ECM coupler (Harness side)



I718H1110240-01

#### **Troubleshooting**

### **⚠ CAUTION**

When using the multi-circuit tester, do not strongly touch the terminal of the ECM coupler with a needle pointed tester probe to prevent the terminal damage or terminal bend.

#### **NOTE**

After repairing the trouble, clear the DTC using SDS tool. Refer to "Use of SDS Diagnosis Reset Procedures (Page 1A-13)".

Step		Action	Т	Yes	No
Step 1	1) 2) 3)	Turn the ignition switch OFF.  Remove the seat. Refer to "Exterior Parts Removal and Installation in Section 9D (Page 9D-6)".	•	O/W and O/R wire open or shorted to the ground, or poor "15" connection.  If wire and connection are OK,	Replace the cooling fan relay with a new one.
		"Cooling Fan Inspection in Section 1F (Page 1F-8)".	•	intermittent trouble or faulty ECM.  Recheck each terminal and wire harness for open circuit and poor connection.  Replace the ECM with a known good one, and inspect it again. Refer to "ECM Removal and Installation in Section	
	ls t	the cooling fan relay OK?		1C (Page 1C-1)".	

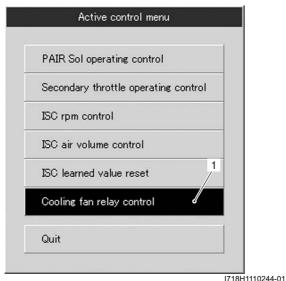
#### 1A-113 Engine General Information and Diagnosis:

#### **Active Control Inspection**

#### **NOTE**

Cooling fan relay and cooling fan motor operation can be checked until the engine coolant temperature is less than 100  $^{\circ}$ C (212  $^{\circ}$ F) after starting the engine.

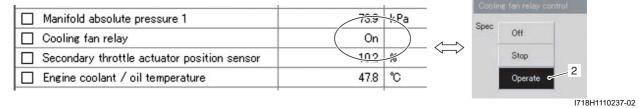
- 1) Set up the SDS tool. (Refer to SDS operation manual for further details.)
- 2) Start the engine and run it in idling condition.
- 3) Click "Cooling fan relay control" (1).



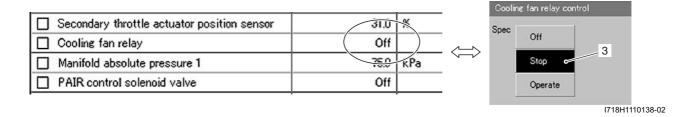
17 10111102

4) Click the operate button (2).

At this time, if an operation sound is heard from the cooling fan relay and cooling fan motor is operated, the function is normal.



5) Click the stop button (3) to check the operation properly.



# **Specifications**

# **Service Data**

B718H11107001

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•	,	_	•	•	•	•

Item	Specification	Note
Injector resistance	11 – 13 Ω at 20 °C (68 F°)	_

### FI Sensors

Item		Specification	Note
CKP sensor resistance			
CKP sensor peak voltage		When cranking	
IAP sensor input voltage (No.1)		4.5 – 5.5 V	
IAP sensor output voltage (No.1)	Α	pprox. 2.7 V at idle speed	
IAP sensor input voltage (No.2)		4.5 – 5.5 V	
IAP sensor output voltage (No.2)		2.0 – 3.0 V at idle speed	
TP sensor input voltage		4.5 – 5.5 V	
TP sensor output voltage	Closed	Approx. 1.1 V	
TP serisor output voltage	Opened	Approx. 4.3 V	
ECT sensor input voltage		4.5 – 5.5 V	
ECT sensor output voltage		0.15 – 4.85 V	
ECT sensor resistance	Аррі	rox. 2.45 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	
IAT sensor input voltage		4.5 – 5.5 V	
IAT sensor output voltage	Apı	prox. 2.4 V at 20 °C (68 °F)	
IAT sensor resistance	Аррі	rox. 2.56 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	
TO sensor resistance		16.5 – 22.3 kΩ	
TO sensor output voltage	Normal		
TO sensor output voitage	Leaning	3.7 – 4.4 V	When leaning 65°
GP switch voltage		0.6 V and more	From 1st to Top
Injector voltage		Battery voltage	
Injection coil primary peak voltage		80 V and more	When cranking
STP sensor input voltage		4.5 – 5.5 V	
CTD concer output voltage	Closed	Approx. 0.6 V	
STP sensor output voltage	Opened	Approx. 4.5 V	
STV actuator resistance	-	Approx. 7.0 Ω	
ISC valve resistance	Ар		
HO2 sensor resistance	Ap		
LIO2 concer output voltage	0.3 V and less at idle speed		
HO2 sensor output voltage	0.6		
PAIR control solenoid valve	Approx. 18 – 22 Ω at 20 – 30 °C (68 – 86 °F)		
resistance			
EVAP purge control valve	Ар	prox. 32 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	E-33 only

# **Special Tools and Equipment**

#### **Special Tool**

B718H11108001

